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Status Report on Boreal Owl Surveys in Southwestern Montana, 1989.

by

P. D. Mullen

for the

Montana Natural Heritage Program 1515 East Sixth Avenue Helena, MT 59620

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USDA Forest Service
Beaverhead and Bitterroot National Forests
Box 238
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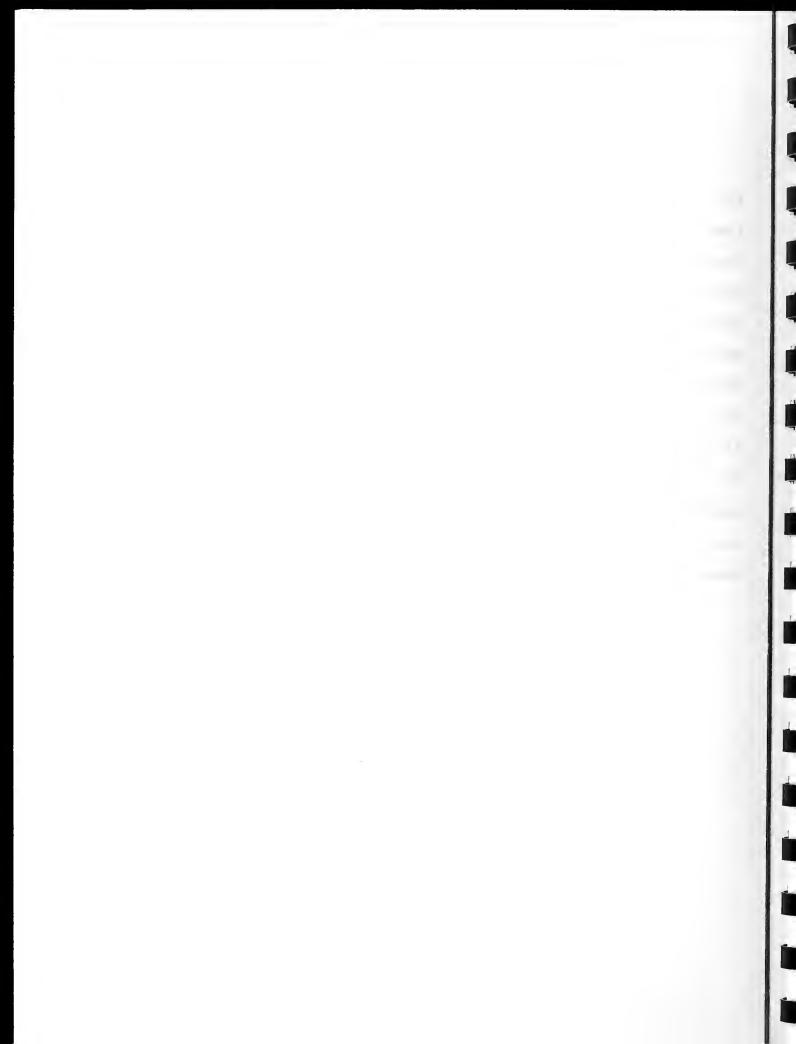
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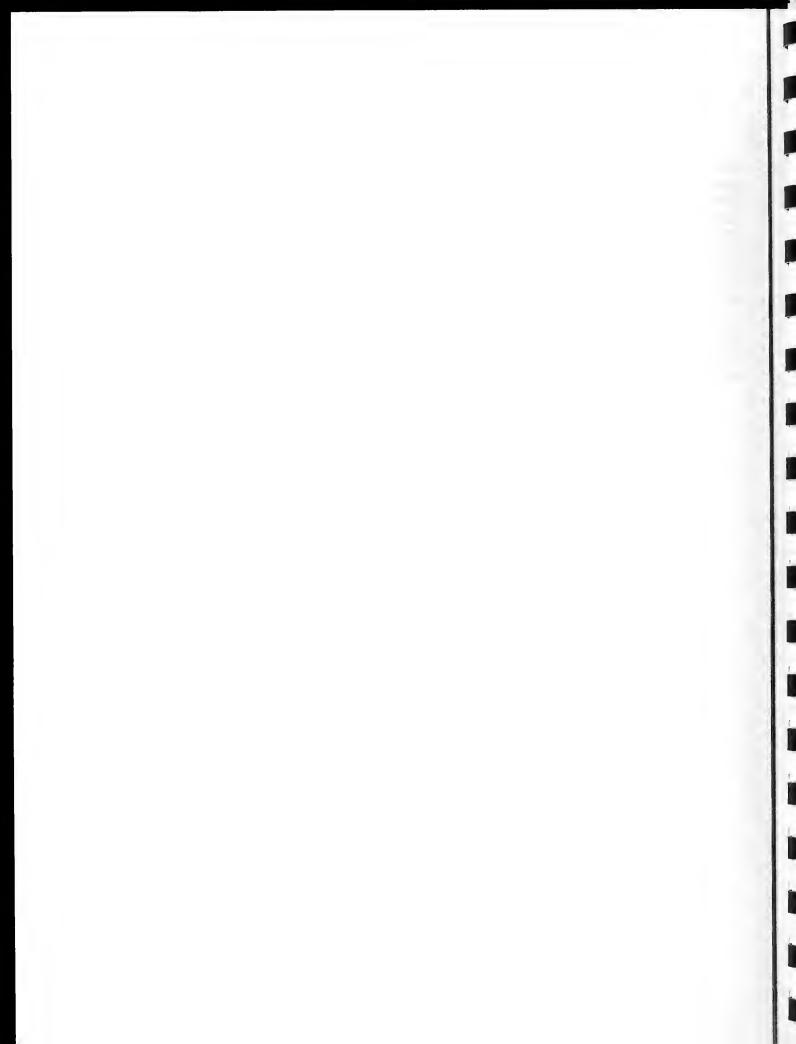
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SUMMARY

Song-playback surveys conducted in forested habitats of southwestern Montana during the winter of 1989 yielded 29 owl responses. Nine boreal owl responses were heard, representing eight different owls, during seven of the thirty surveys. Boreal owls were heard in either <u>Picea englemanii</u>, <u>Abies lasiocarpa</u>, <u>Pseudotsuga menziesii</u>, or <u>Pinus contorta</u> forest types between 6,000 and 7,800 ft elevation. Five and three owls were heard on the west and east sides of the Continental Divide respectively. Owl calling sites were between 12 and 120 ft from forest openings and within 300 ft of water. Suggestions are made for future research on boreal owls to comply with monitoring and management regulations defined in the National Forest Management Act of 1976.

Analysis of stand structure at primary calling sites indicated number of canopy levels ranging from one to four with canopy closure estimates from 40 to 80 percent. All stands contained from 2 to 10 snags per acre. Ages of dominant trees ranged from 80 to 200 years, with DBH values between 11 and 24

inches and heights from 54 to 90 feet.



INTRODUCTION

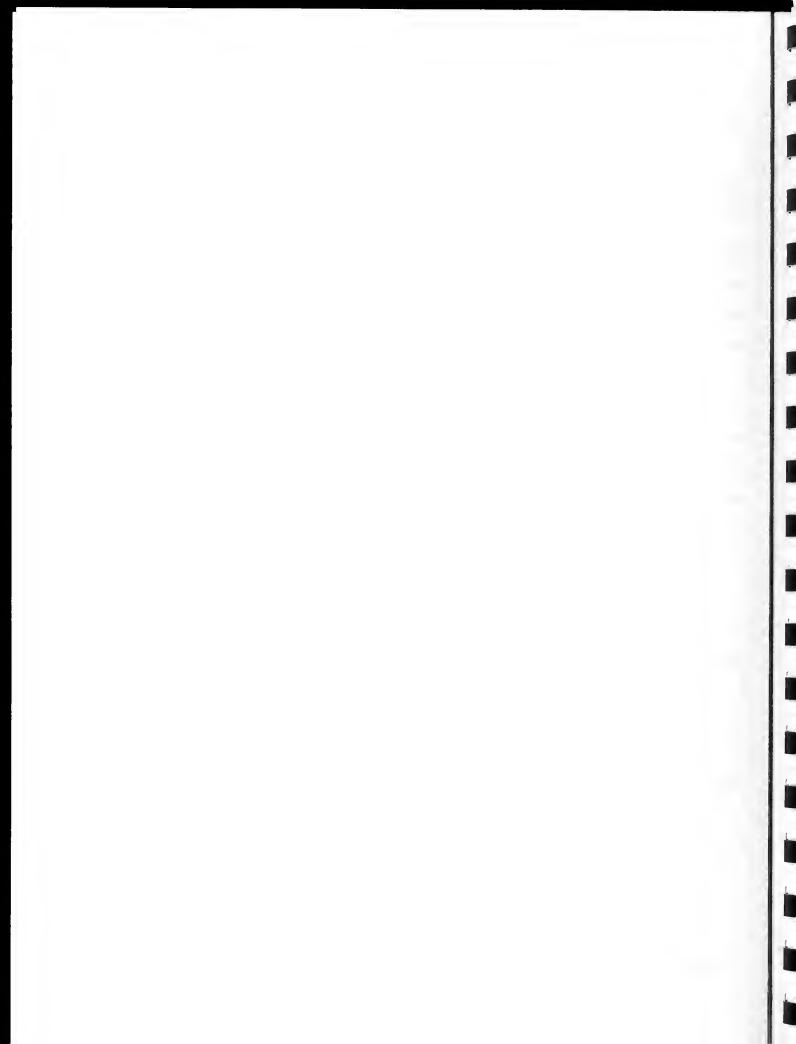
The boreal owl (Aegolius funereus) is a small, nocturnal owl found in coniferous forests of northern North America and Eurasia (AOU 1983, Clark et. al. 1987). Although generally secretive, the male boreal owl is often vocal during the early breeding season (Feb.- May), and can be located using nocturnal surveys (Palmer 1987). Previous studies indicate that only potentially breeding males call (Hayward et al. 1987), implying that owl calling activity indicates the presence of breeding populations.

The status of the boreal owl in southwestern Montana is poorly known, though its presence has been established on a regional basis by confirmed nesting studies in Colorado (Palmer and Ryder 1984) and Idaho (Hayward and Garton 1983). In southwestern Montana during the winter of 1984 four singing males were heard in the Big Hole Valley during a coordinated survey effort (Hayward et al. 1987). Holt (1986) located boreal owls in west-central Montana along the Idaho border. No nests have been found to date.

Survey results in the Rocky Mountain Region indicate that boreal owls in Montana occur in mature spruce (<u>Picea englemanii</u>)-fir (<u>Abies spp.</u>) forest types greater than 5,000 ft elevation, which at times may be associated with lodgepole pine (Pinus contorta)/wet meadow complexes (Holt and Hillis 1987).

The Region 1 of the United States Forest Service (U.S.F.S) lists the boreal owl as a Sensitive Species, and thus is required to monitor their status and population trends on forest lands under the National Forest Management Act (NFMA) of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 1600). Additionally, NFMA requires that suitable habitat be maintained to support viable boreal owl populations throughout their range on Forest Service Lands.

During the winter of 1989 a cooperative study of the boreal owl was initiated between the Beaverhead and Bitterroot National Forests and the Montana Natural Heritage Program.

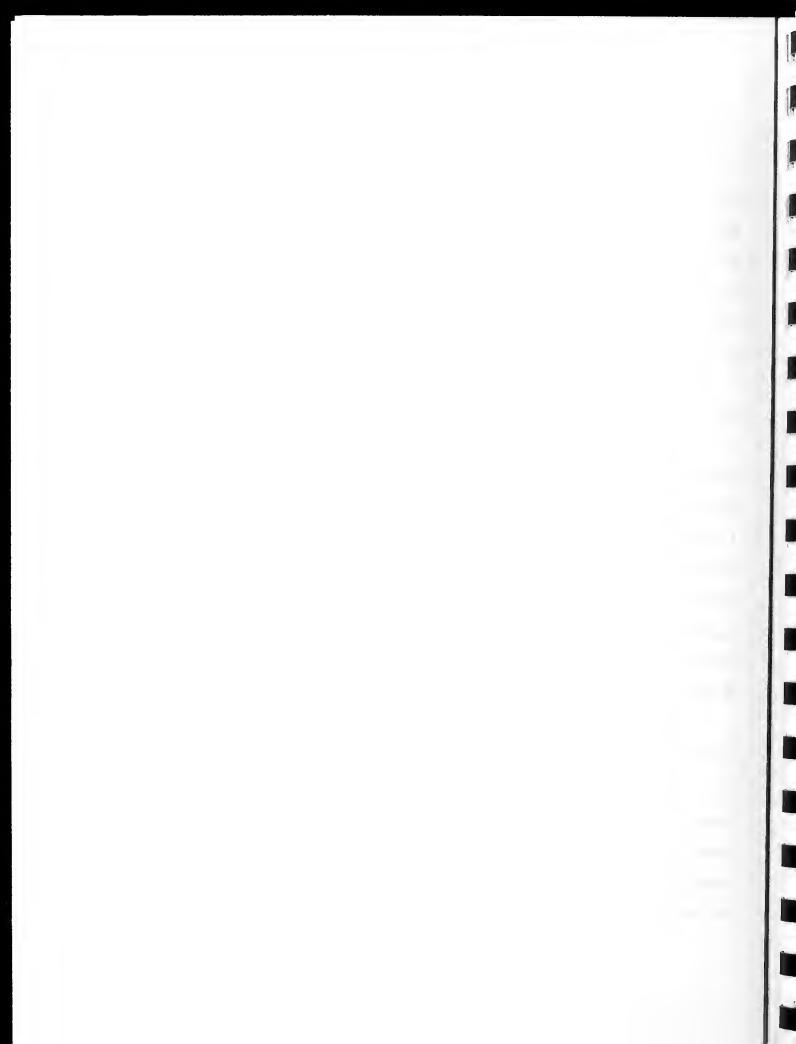


Primary objectives of this study were to develop a better understanding of the distribution, habitat requirements, and population status of the boreal owl in southwestern Montana. This project is the first of four years, designed to gather sufficient baseline data on boreal owls. These data will subsequently be used in population monitoring, viability assessment, and forest planning. This report is a summary of the efforts during 1989 to document the occurrence of boreal owls in southwestern Montana on portions of the Beaverhead and Bitterroot National Forests.

STUDY AREA

The study area consists of portions of Beaverhead, Deerlodge, Silverbow, and Ravalli Counties along the Continental Divide (Fig. 1). Elevations in the area range from about 4,500 ft to 8,500 ft with a variety of forest cover types, aspects, and slopes. Lower elevation sites on the west slope of the Continental Divide in Ravalli County are dominated by ponderosa pine (Pinus ponderosa) and Douglas fir (Pseudotsuga menziesii). Subalpine fir (Abies lasiocarpa) and lodgepole pine occur at higher elevations along the Divide. Engelmann spruce is found in cool moist sites, primarily along creeks and draws in the subalpine zone throughout the area.

Douglas fir stands also occur along dry foothills in the eastern portion of the study area, east of the Continental Divide, while lodgepole/subalpine fir dominate the higher elevation sites. The remainder of the study area is primarily lodgepole/subalpine fir cover types with spruce/subalpine fir occurring in wet areas, draws, and around wet meadow complexes. Aspen (Populus tremuloides) and willow (Salix spp.) are present in isolated patches throughout the area as riparian or paloustrian species



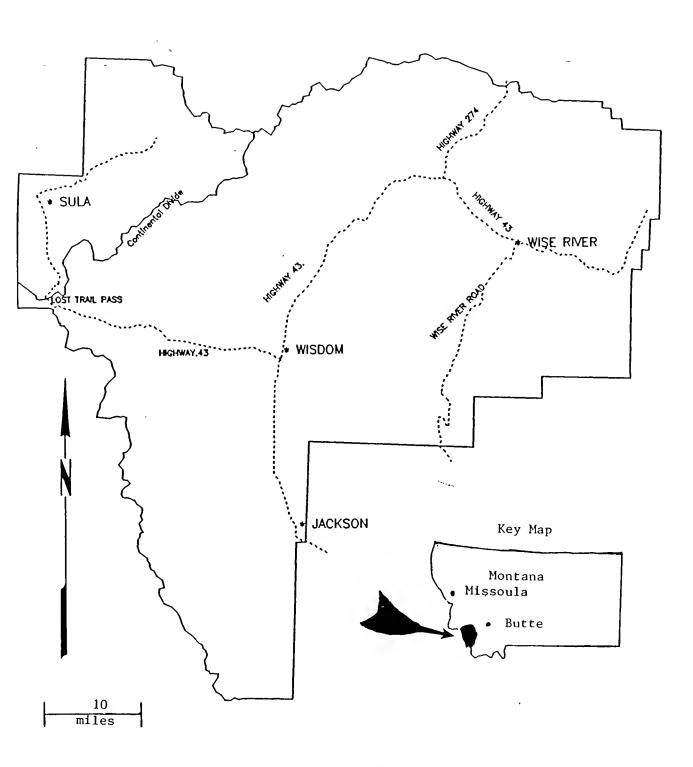
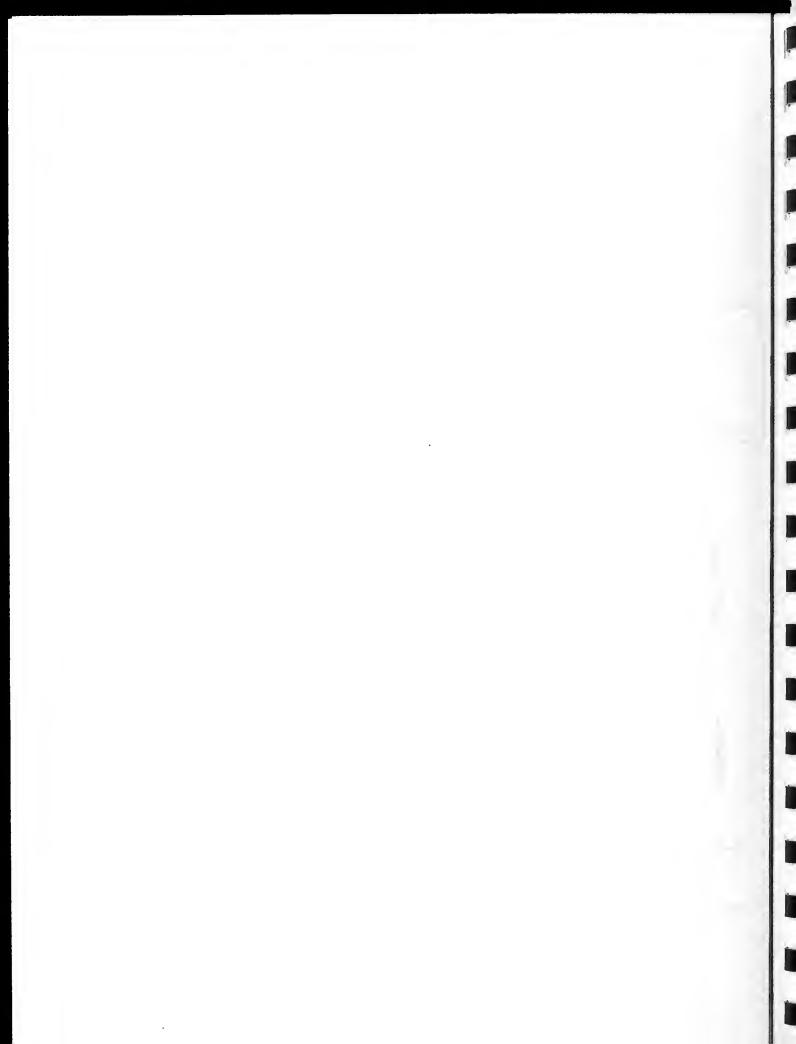


Figure 1. Map of the study area in Southwestern Montana.



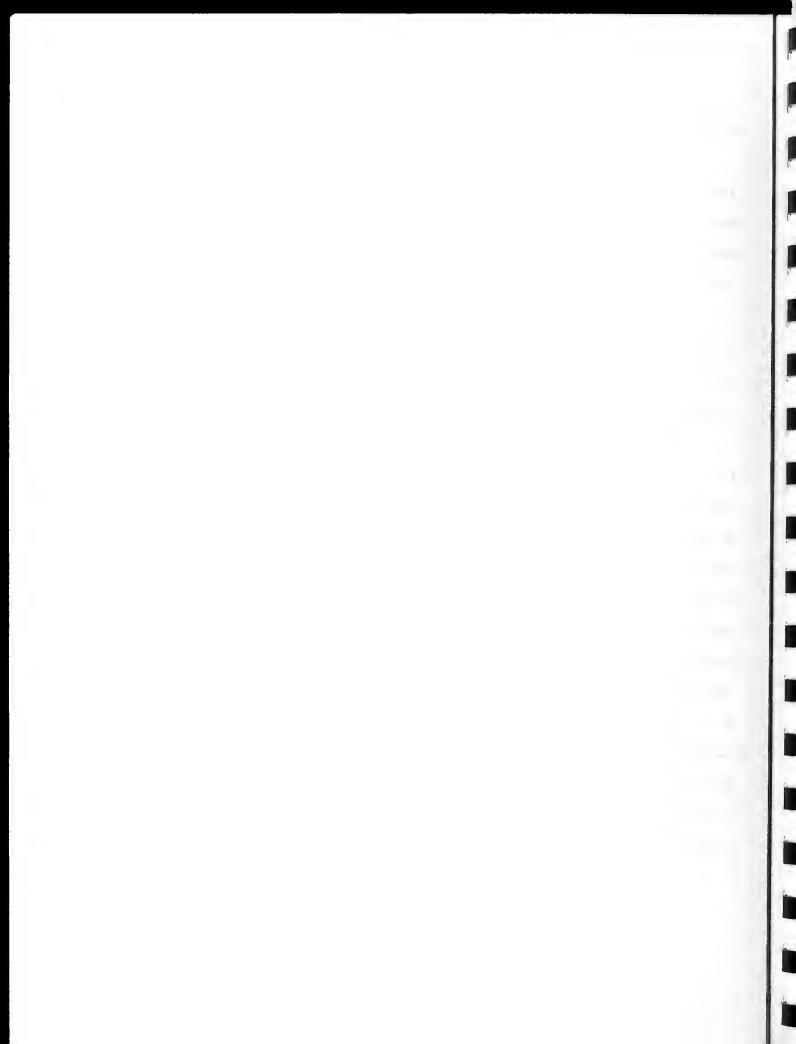
METHODS

Owls were surveyed using the song playback technique (Fuller and Mosher 1981) from vehicle and snowmobile along survey routes from 24 February to 4 May, 1989. Survey routes were selected to include a variety of forest types and elevations. See Figure 2 for route delineations and Table 1 for a list of routes by District.

There were twenty-five survey routes which included areas of three Ranger Districts on two National Forests. Wise River and Wisdom Ranger Districts were included on the Beaverhead National Forest, and Sula Ranger District on the Bitterroot National Forest.

Surveys started one half hour after dusk and lasted approximately four to five hours or until 2300 or 2400 hours. Routes were selected to be eight to ten miles long with playback stations between one half and one mile apart depending on topographic and/or habitat variation. At each station I listened for calling owls for two to three minutes, played one species' call for two to three minutes, and listened again for two to three minutes. This was repeated three times per station. Boreal calls were played most often, but occassionally great gray (Strix nebulosa) or saw-whet owl (Aegolius acadicus) calls were played at alternating stations. Survey report forms were completed for each survey attempt, and owl observation forms filled out for routes where owls were heard. See Appendix I for sample report and observation forms.

Approximate locations of owl responses were mapped on U.S.G.S. Topographic maps (7.5 min.). These sites were then visited for habitat analysis during the summer months of 1989.



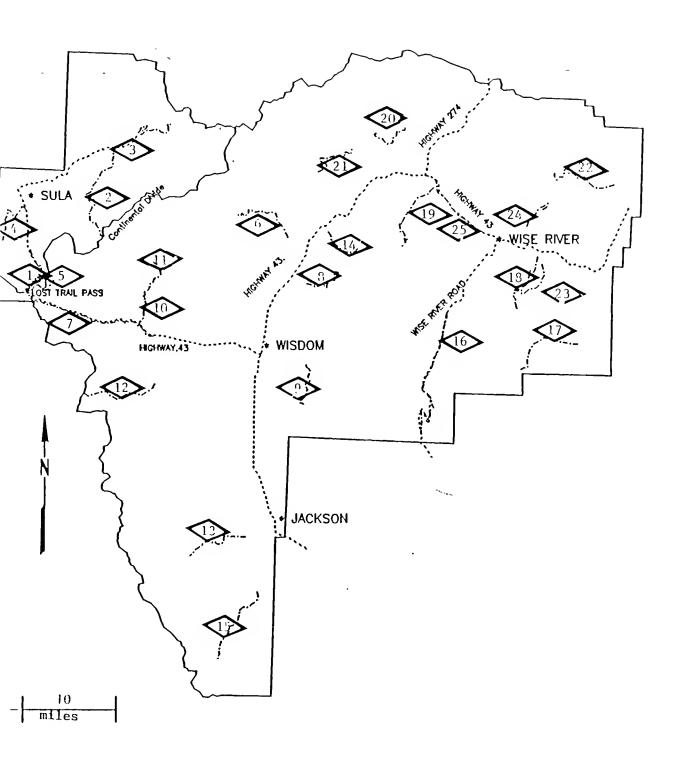


Figure 2. Owl survey routes within the study area, 1989-

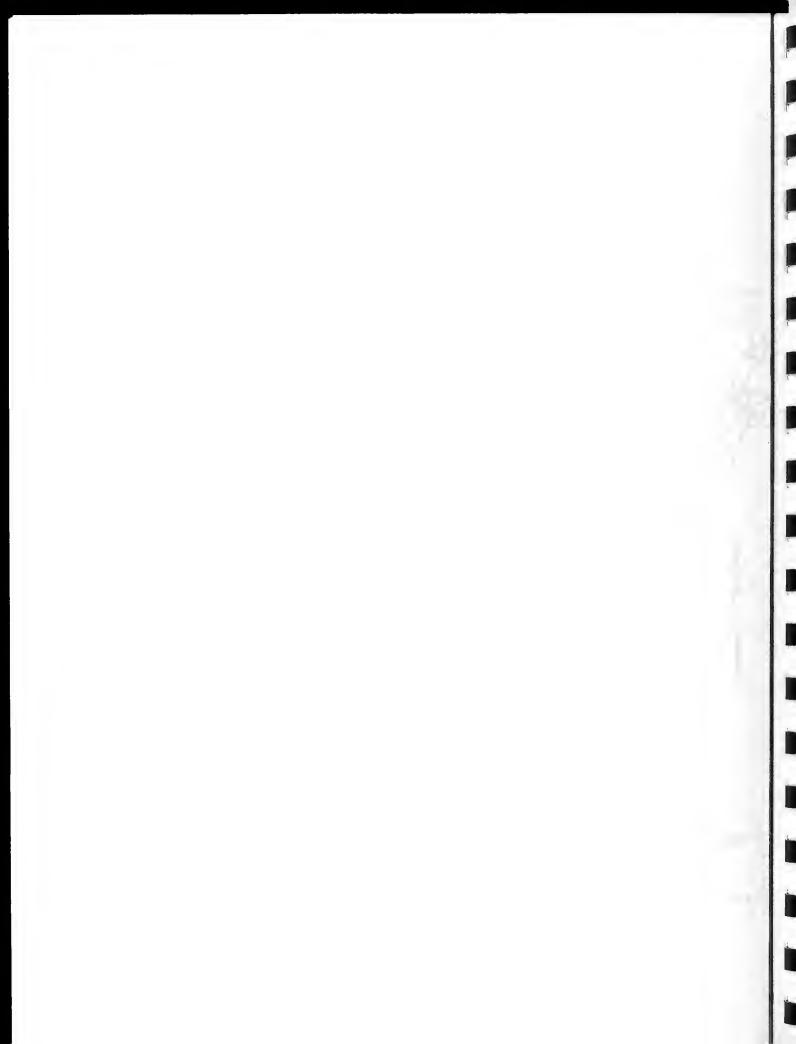


Table 1. Owl survey routes by Forest District and length, 1989.

ROUTE NAME	DISTRICT	LENGTH(mi)	N	TOTAL SURVEYED(mi)
Lost Trail	Sula	8	2	16
Meadow Cr.	Sula	13	1	13
Lick Cr.	Sula	7	1	7
Andrews Cr.	Sula	7	1	7
Gibbon Trail	Sula	8	1	8
Howell Cr.	Wisdom	10	2	20
Chief Joseph	Wisdom	15	1	15
Doolittle	Wisdom	8	1	8
Steel-Fox	Wisdom	9	1	9
Johnson Cr.	Wisdom	10	1	10
Upper Johnson	Wisdom	6	1	6
Big Hole Pass	Wisdom	8	1	8
Miner Lake	Wisdom	8	1	8
Squaw Cr.	Wisdom	7	1	7
Skinner Meadow	Wisdom	6	1	6
Wise River	Wise River	15	2	30
Trapper Cr.	Wise River	9	3	27
Triangle	Wise River	11	1	11
Bryant Cr.	Wise River	10	1	10
East LaMarche	Wise River	8	1	8
Fishtrap	Wise River	8	1	8
Divide Cr.	Wise River	8	1	8
Quartz Hill	Wise River	8	1	8
Jerry Cr.	Wise River	6	1	6
Highway 43	Wise River	8	1	8
TOTAL N = Number of t				281

HABITAT ANALYSIS

Habitat analysis consisted of a site description of the area around each owl response site. Macro-habitat parameters recorded at each site_were: elevation, aspect, slope percent, distance to nearest opening (clearcut, meadow, or park >1 acre), distance to water, distance to nearest disturbance source (e.g. road, highway, recreation area). Micro-habitat parameters recorded included forest type, number of canopy levels, percent canopy closure, number of snags per acre, basal area of dominant tree species, age, mean diameter at breast height (DBH), and mean height of dominant tree species.

In an attempt to compensate for possible owl location error, a second adjacent stand was chosen at each site in a direct line with the listening point from the primary location for identical analysis. Though this method did not increase the accuracy of the habitat analysis, it did serve to broaden the potential habitat types in which owls may have been calling. In subsequent survey years, attempts should be made to locate singing males to precise stands, thereby increasing the validity of the data.

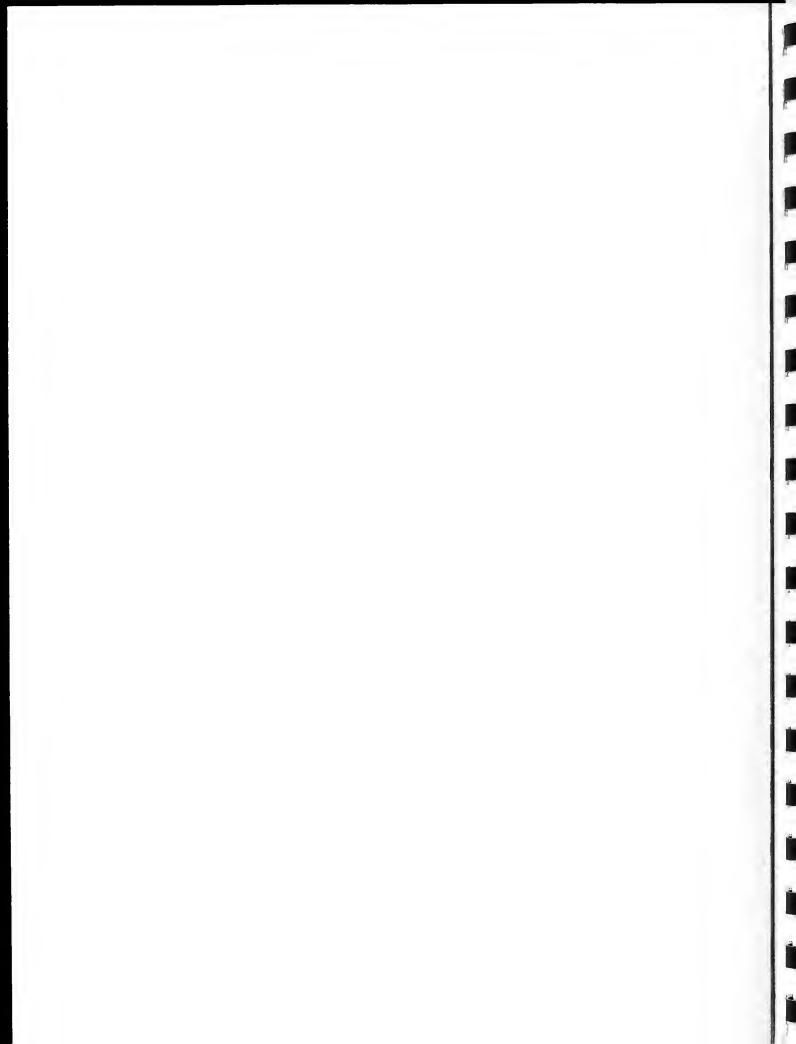
Calculations of basal area, number of snags per acre, and percent canopy closure were based on estimates concurrent with standard U.S.F.S. stand examination procedures.

Median value and range for each habitat parameter were calculated for primary, secondary, and total stands analyzed.

RESULTS

Thirty surveys were conducted during the period, covering 272 miles.

Approximately 51 miles were covered on the Sula District, 97 on the Wisdom District, and 124 on the Wise River District (Table 1).



Twenty-nine owl responses were heard of which nine were boreals. The remaining species and numbers heard were saw-whet (6), great gray (2), and great horned owls (<u>Bubo virginianus</u>) (12). The nine boreal responses were heard in seven different locations (Appendix II). Results suggest that of the nine boreals heard, eight were different owls (See owl observation forms in Appendix III).

Of the eight different boreal owls heard, five were located on three survey routes on the Sula District. Two were heard on the Meadow Creek route, two on the Lost Trail Pass route, and one on the Gibbon Trail route. Two were heard on the Wisdom District: one on the Skinner Meadows route and one on the Chief Joseph Pass route. The one boreal located on the Wise River District was heard on the Bryant Creek route. Seven of the nine total responses were elicited by song playback, while the remaining two owls were calling prior to any taped playback. Specific responses are described on owl observation forms found in Appendix III.

An estimate of boreal responses per mile of survey effort yields approximately one boreal owl response per 34 mi of survey. As an estimate of survey effort by forest district, the data yield approximately one response per 10 mi for the Sula District routes, one response per 48 mi for the Wisdom routes, and one response per 124 mi for the Wise River routes.

Habitat Characteristics

Boreal owl calling sites located during the survey occured between 6,000 ft and 7,800 ft elevation. All sites were found to be in spruce/subalpine fir, lodgepole/subalpine fir, Douglas fir/lodgepole, or lodgepole/spruce forest types. Primary sites were within 120 ft of forest openings and within 320 ft

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Table 2. Macro-habitat characteristics of Boreal Owl calling sites, 1989.

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SITE NAME	Ξ	ELEVATION	ASPECT	SLOPE(%)	DISTANCE OPENING	DISTANCE WATER	_DISTANCEE DISTURBANCE
Skinner	1 2	7000	210	10	160	950	950
Meadows		7000	180	10	35	1 50	3100
Meadow	1 2	6500	120	45	320	320	320
Creek		6600	90	50	250	380	250
Mink	1	6000	90	20	95	35	95
Creek	2	6000	90	30	95	160	95
Lost	1	6800	70	60	250	65	250
Trail	2	6800	70	50	330	250	330
Joseph	1	7100	200	20	35	95	480
Creek	2	7100	90	20	65	125	330
Bryant	1	7800	60	30	65	95	3200
Creek	2	7800	10	30	125	160	3200
Ski Hill	1	7100	95	0	95	65	160
	2	7100	90	0	125	65	160
Median		6800	110	30	175	500	1700
(range)		(6000-7800)	(10-210)	(0-60)	(35-330)	(35-950)	(95-3200)
	1	6800 (6000-7800)	135 (60-210)	30 (0-60)	175 (35 - 330)	500 (35-950)	1700 (95-3200)
	2	6800 (6000-7800)	95 (10 -1 80)	25 (0-50)	175 (35 - 330)	220 (65-380)	1700 (95 - 3200)

Table 3. Micro-habitat characteristics of Boreal Owl calling sites, 1989.

SITE NAM	E	FOREST TYPE	CANOPY LEVELS	%CANOPY CLOSURE	SNAGS/AC	BASAL AREA/AC	AGE	DBH	HEIGHT (FT.)
Skinner	1 2	LP/SAF	1	40	2	140	80	11	54
Meadows		LP/SP	3	60	4	160	150	22	65
Meadow	1 2	LP/DF	2	40	5	30	200	24	85
Creek		LP/SAF	1	50	2	111	70	8	55
Mink	1	SAF/SP	4	80	4	150	110	18	80
Creek	2	SAF/DF	2	60	2	44	90	12	70
Lost	1 2	DF/SP	4	70	5	85	200	20	90
Trail		DF/SAF/LP	2	60	2	125	130	12	70
Joseph	1	LP/SAF/SP	3	70	3	125	110	12	60
Creek	2	LP/SAF	2	50	2	44	120	12	60
Bryant	1	SP/SAF	3 2	70	5	33	140	12	75
Creek	2	LP/SAF		50	2	40	110	8	55
Ski Hill	1	SP/SAF	2	40	10	80	200	20	60
	2	LP/SAF/SP	2	50	4	125	150	12	60
Median (range)			2.5 (1-4)	60 (40 - 80)	6 (2-10) (3	95 0-160) (70	135 -200)	16 (8-24)	72 (54 - 90)
Primary	1		2.5 (1-4)	60 (40-80)	6 (2 - 10) (30	90 - 150) (80-	140 200)(:	17.5 11 - 24)	72 (54-90)
Secondar	y 2		2 (1-3)	55 (50-60)	3 (2-4) (4	100 0-160)(70	110 -150)	15 (8 - 22)	

LP-Lodgepole pine. SAF-Subalpine fir. DF-Douglas fir. SP-Engleman spruce.

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Table 4. Types of forest openings nearest Boreal Owl calling sites, 1989.

SITE NAMI	Ξ	TYPE OF OPENING	
Skinner Meadows	1 2	Dry Park Mesic Meadow	•
Meadow Creek	1 2	Clearcut/road Clearcut/road	
Mink Creek	1 2	Road Road	
Lost Trail	1 2	Road Road	
Joseph Creek	1 2	Mesic Meadow Mesic Meadow	
Bryant Creek	1 2	Clearcut Clearcut	
Ski Hill	1 2	Wet Meadow/Ski Wet Meadow/Ski	

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of water or wet meadow areas. Slopes ranged from zero to 60 percent for primary sites with aspects from 60 to 210 degrees. Distances from potential human disturbance ranged from 100 ft to just under 1 mile (Tables 2,3). Types of forest openings nearest calling sites included clearcuts, parks, meadows, and roads (Table 4).

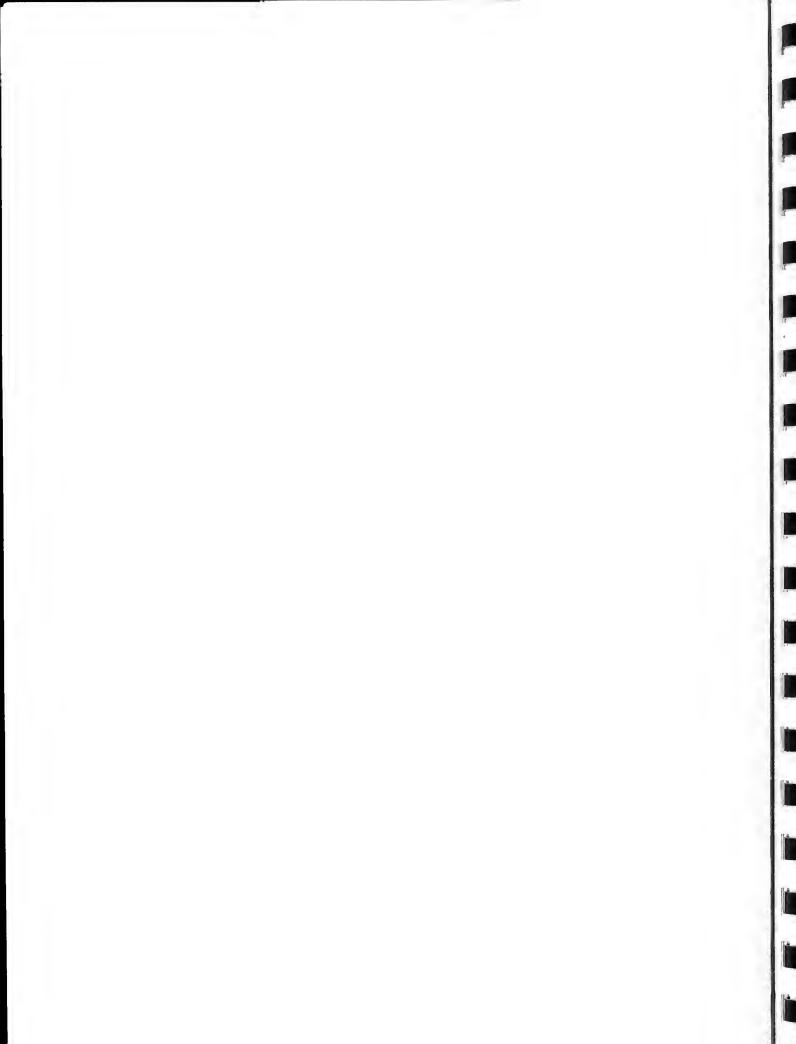
Analysis of stand structure at primary sites indicated number of canopy levels ranging from one to four with canopy closure estimates from 40 to 80 percent. All stands contained from 2 to 10 snags(> 8") per acre. Ages of dominant trees ranged from 80 to 200 years, with DBH values between 11 and 24 inches and heights from 54 to 90 feet (Table 3).

DISCUSSION

The presence of boreal owls in the study area during the breeding season is an indication that, though no nests were found, boreals are present in southwestern Montana as potential nesters, and can be monitored as such in the future. Data from this survey should be considered as evidence of boreal activity, and not as a basis for owl density calculations or population levels within the study area.

Boreal owls were heard in primarily high elevation (6,000-7,800 ft) spruce/subalpine fir, subalpine fir/lodgepole, and Douglas fir/subalpine fir forest types. This is consistent with findings in the Bitterroot Divide (Holt and Hillis 1987) and central Idaho (Hayward et al. 1984). Though surveys covered additional forest types, including ponderosa pine and Douglas fir/juniper (Juniperus spp.) at lower elevations, no responses were heard in these forest types.

Forest openings nearest boreal calling sites were man-made at five of the seven sites (Table 4). G. Hayward (Pers. commun.) suggested that man-made

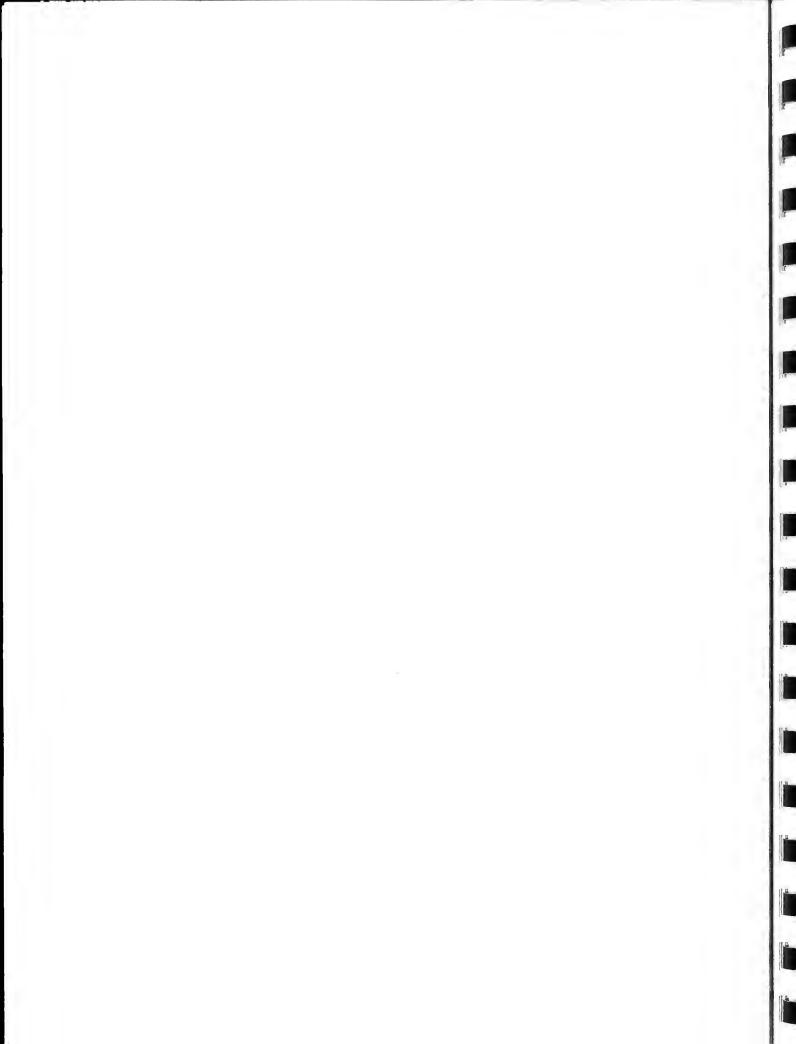


openings (i.e. clearcuts) may in some cases be "beneficial" to boreals because they create edge habitat which the owls use for hunting. It should be noted however, that man-made openings are often accompanied by the potential for human disturbance such as road traffic or firewood cutting, which may not benefit the owls. The potential also exists for the invasion/colonization of these openings by competing owl species such as Great horned, saw-whet, or barred owls (Strix varia). Such invasions may have a negative effect on boreal owl management goals. Additional research is needed to clarify the relationship between owl habitat use and forest management.

Regional variation of both calling activity of male boreals and breeding success of nesting pairs has been noted (Hayward et al. 1986). These variations are apparently a direct result of fluctuations of prey populations and/or availability. These findings are particularily significant in their application to the design and duration of owl surveys and monitoring.

Short term (one-two years) preliminary surveys cannot take into account yearly fluctuations in calling activity, which could influence management activities in the area with potentially drastic results. Additionally, as this study shows, an apparent regional difference in owl densities exists between the east and west sides of the Continental Divide. If management were directed solely by this one year study, without taking into account the possibility of regional variation in calling rates, very little management for boreal owls would take place on the eastern Districts due to few or no owls found there. Additional survey years may result in very different results, and should serve to assemble the necessary data describing boreal owl distribution and abundance over the study area.

As a suggestion for further research, boreal owl surveys should be continued in southwestern Montana with initial emphasis on nest location

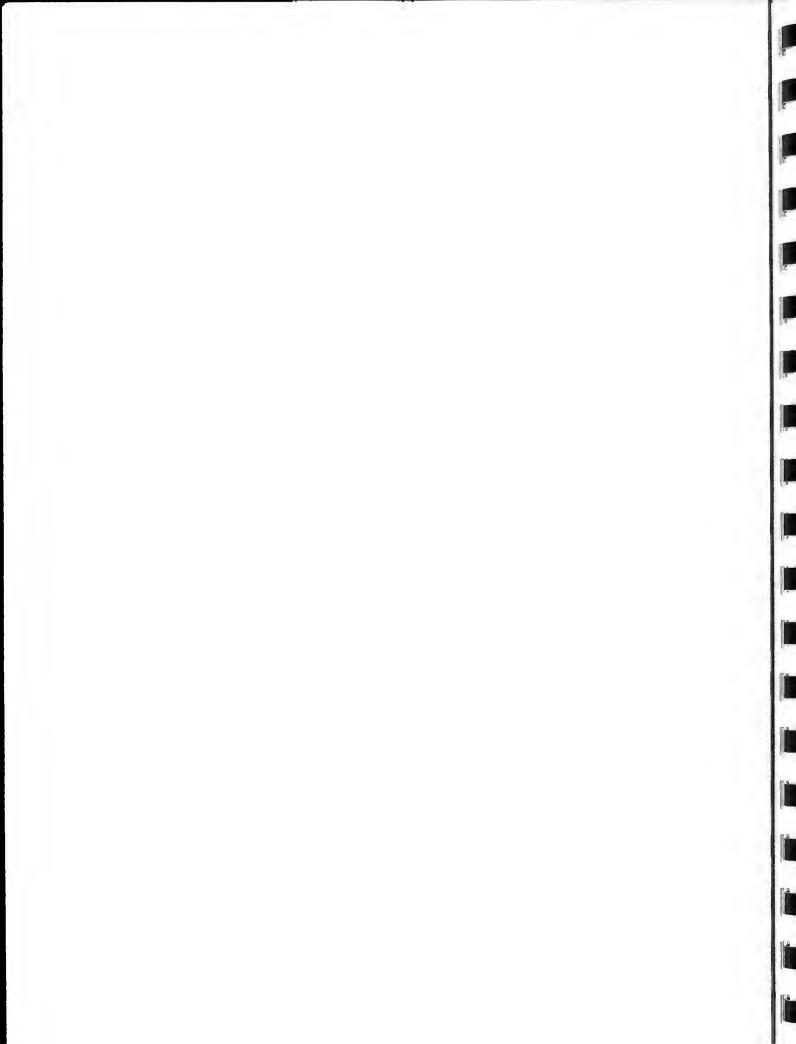


attempts. In addition to new survey routes, repeat surveys should be made in spruce/fir forest types using routes covered by this study. Nest location and nest site analysis are important so that management guidelines for these areas can incorporate boreal habitat requirements for NFMA compliance.

Site specific data on seasonal and yearly boreal habitat requirements are needed on a long term basis to ensure a viable boreal population on forest lands in the region.

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APPENDIX I

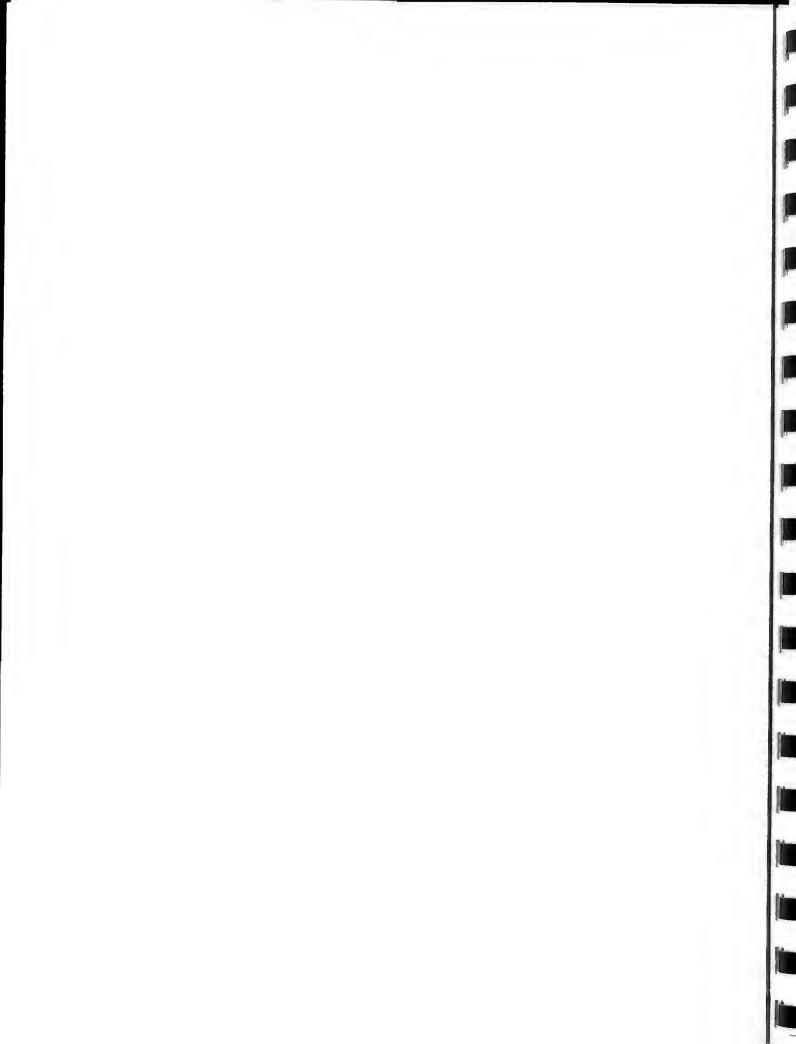
Sample Survey Report and Owl Observation data forms.

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Party Members	Date 3-34 0	Target Species
2. A. J.		(if any)
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Means of travel: \/c	inte	Finish time: 2200
(auto, ski, etc.)		
Weather (at end of s	urvey)	
Temperature: 13		Precipitation (describe): Alayer
Cloud cover: الم	1/2	Wind: Just Variable
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Species organitated	/if any was 001 01	nacyuation Found
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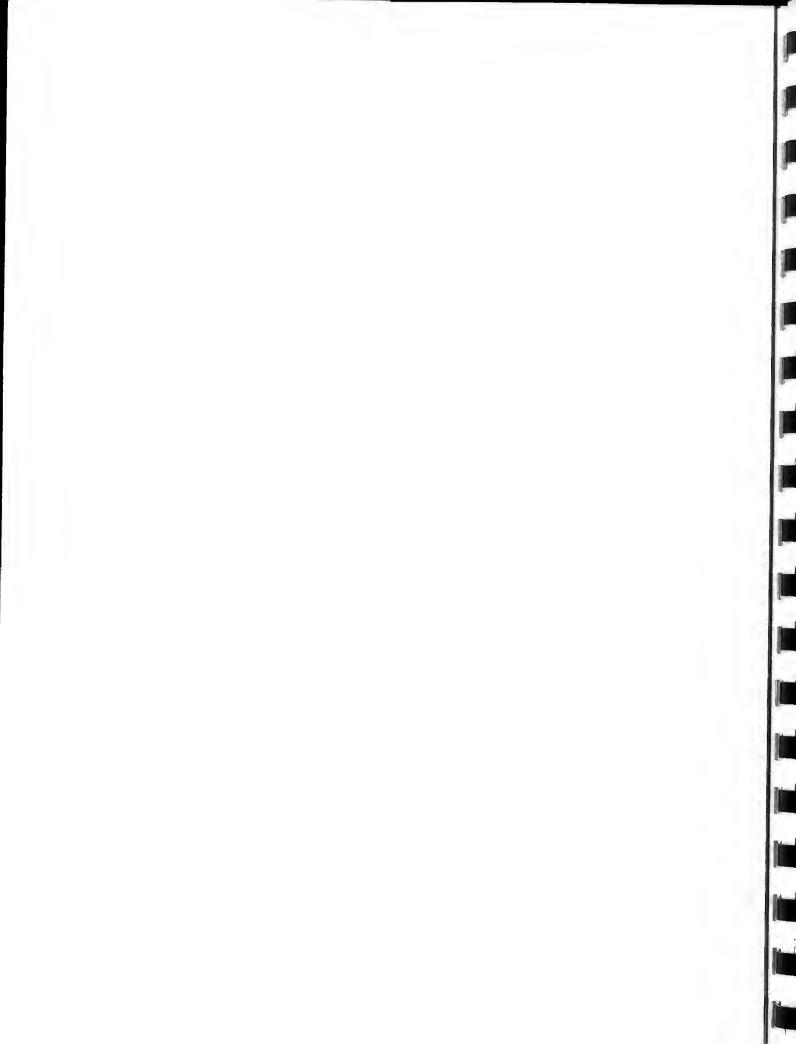
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Repeat Visit ?	A (N)			
Route Description From Forms!	BND9 on	Alinectatos	Poute, it is Road	
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Temperature:		Prec	cipitation (describe):	XION
Cloud cover: Snow depth:	•	Wind	1: /1/14	
Species encounter species	#	use Owl Observ	vation Form)	



Party Members	Date	4-06-89	Target Species
- Pillullen			(if any)
J. DASLEY	Route	Name	Boreal
(CALLY	David	e Creek	Scrwwheit
Route location:	Count	y Silver Bro	Forest Benverhend-Decologie
	<u>C.</u> Eleva	tion <u>600-70</u> 00	Apistrict Wise River
	Y (N)		
Route Description	•		(
From 77.00 Miles	Devide Pro	of Road at	Feely exit on trypular
15 - Bright mill Suddle,	es up Du	vide Unek	Feely Exit on Hyherry ROAD TO Upper Jerry Orcol
~ (l			23.15
Distance: 8 Miles	,		Start time: 2045
Means of travel:	Snow Mobile	?	Finish time: $23/5$
(auto, ski, etc.)			
Weather (at end of			3(
Temperature:	250		cipitation (describe): More
Cloud cover:	Nove	Win	a: Gusty to 20 mph
Snow depth: $\widehat{\wp}$	2-4 ft.		0
Species encountered	d (if any.	use Owl Obser	vation Form)
species	#		,
Mana	π		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

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	Party Members	Date	4-07-55	_	Species any)
	D. Melenight	المران	River Real	<u> </u>	1 - G- N - F
	Route location:	Count	ty Bountail	Forest <u>Ka</u>	The Later
	Drainage <u>was Res</u>		ation <u>Euros</u> (Z-District _	
	Repeat Visit ?				
	Route Description	_			
	Fran Presental Re	cor i	The lates to be	e Rous lif	سائه برادي
	to Hore PARK-				
L	Breikdound now Distance: Trules	him.	Route from	والمناخ المنافر	_ to remigate
	Distance: Table			Start time	1250
	Means of travel: Sian	Paini	Ų	Finish tim	e: 3750
	(auto, ski, etc.)				
	Weather (at end of sur				(describe): (c.c
	Temperature: 35°				
	Cloud cover: Mich	~	P =	nd: Usuk -	العالمة العالمة
	Snow depth: 6-5	<u>.</u>			
	Species encountered (if any	, use Owl Obse	rvation Form	
	species ‡				
	1/2:2	_			
		_			
					
	Time Player Brake			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	imp paper Stake	etin 1	ing Survivor		
	لرجاح بنك .				

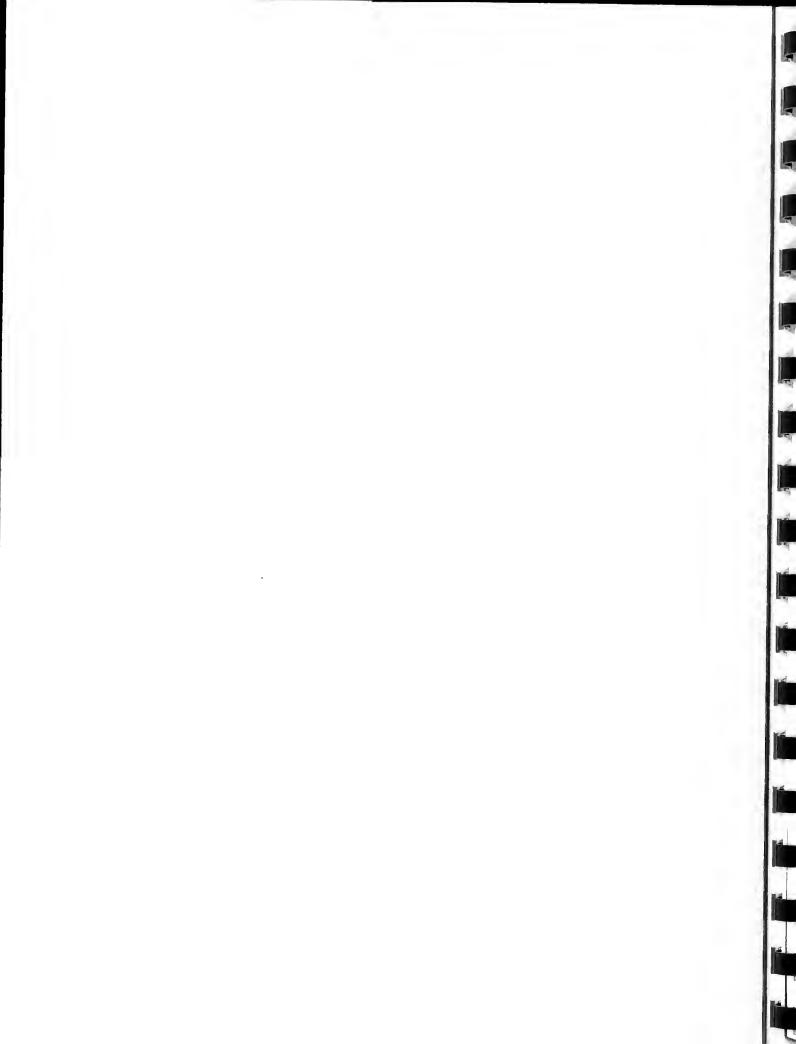


Route location: Drainage Squaw Elevation 6500 Route Description From Rd. Id. Mile up Squaw Ca. Morphy Bolling willow / Say / 105500; Distance: 7Mi Means of travel: Snow Archie (auto, ski, etc.) Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) Species Great horned I	Party Members	Date 4/12/89	Target Species
Route location: Drainage Squaw Elevation 6500 Repeat Visit? Route Description From Rd. Id. Mile up Squaw Ca. Morphy Relling willow / Say / 100500; Distance: 7M1 Means of travel: Snow Meblic (auto, ski, etc.) Squaw Ca. Scarolocal Forest Recorded District Wisdom Forest Recorded Fores	PiMullen		- /- /
Route location: Drainage Squad Elevation (Sto District Distorn Repeat visit? Route Description From Rd. Id. Mile up Squad Can light of the last of	TiJones	Route Name	Borcal.
Route location: Drainage Squad Elevation (Sto District Distorn Repeat visit? Route Description From Rd. Id. Mile up Squad Can light of the last of		Squaro Cr.	O B. Comy
Route Description From Rd. Id. Mile up Square Ca. Morting Belling outlier / Sage / Justices Imbered side fulls in South Distance: 7mi Means of travel: Snow Aldole (auto, ski, etc.) Weather Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: None Snow depth: 3-5' Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #	Route location:	county Bear alped	Forest Begranderd
Route Description From Rd. Id. Mile up Square Ca. Morting Belling outlier / Sage / Justices Imbered side fulls in South Distance: 7mi Means of travel: Snow Aldole (auto, ski, etc.) Weather Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: None Snow depth: 3-5' Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #	Drainage Squaw	Elevation 6500	District <u>Visdom</u>
Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: None Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) start time: 2045 Finish time: 2230 Precipitation: Kence Wind: Light (Mariable - 5:104) Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #	Repeat Visit ? Y	(N)	
Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: None Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) start time: 2045 Finish time: 2230 Precipitation: None Wind: Light Nariable - 5:104 Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #			
Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: None Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) start time: 2045 Finish time: 2230 Precipitation: Kence Wind: Light (Mariable - 5:104) Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #	Route Description		1. 11. 48-
Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: None Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) start time: 2045 Finish time: 2230 Precipitation: Kence Wind: Light (Mariable - 5:104) Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #	From Rd. Id. M	ile up squan e	1, 1/240, 1145/ 10
Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: None Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) start time: 2045 Finish time: 2230 Precipitation: Kence Wind: Light (Mariable - 5:104) Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #	67 1/2 W	CAMERIN EN ICESAR .	+ trail
Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: None Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) start time: 2045 Finish time: 2230 Precipitation: Kence Wind: Light (Mariable - 5:104) Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #	and processing		11100
Means of travel: Snow Mobile (auto, ski, etc.) Weather Temperature: 30 Cloud cover: None Snow depth: 3-5' Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #	11/01/14 Golff 11/15 9 0	1116W / Sage / 9785	65 B/310/3
Means of travel: Snow Medic (auto, ski, etc.) Weather Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: None Snow depth: 3-5' Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #	timberted sielle Mi	118 14 70% 10	
Weather Temperature: 30' Cloud cover: None Snow depth: 3-5' Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #	•	. \	
Weather Temperature: 30' Cloud cover: None Snow depth: 3-5' Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #	Means of travel: Snoc	2 hobile	Finish time: 2230
Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: None Snow depth: 3-5' Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #	(auto, ski, etc.)		
Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: None Snow depth: 3-5' Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #			
Cloud cover: None Snow depth: 3-5' Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #		•	
Snow depth: 3-5' Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #			Precipitation: Kinc
Snow depth: 3-5' Species encountered (if any, use Owl Observation Form) species #			Wind: Light Warrable - 5-10m
species # ,	Snow depth: 3-5	>	
species # ,			
species # ,		410	
		(11 any, use OWI Obs	ervation Form)
breed horned, -	<u> - "</u>	4	
	bread horned,		

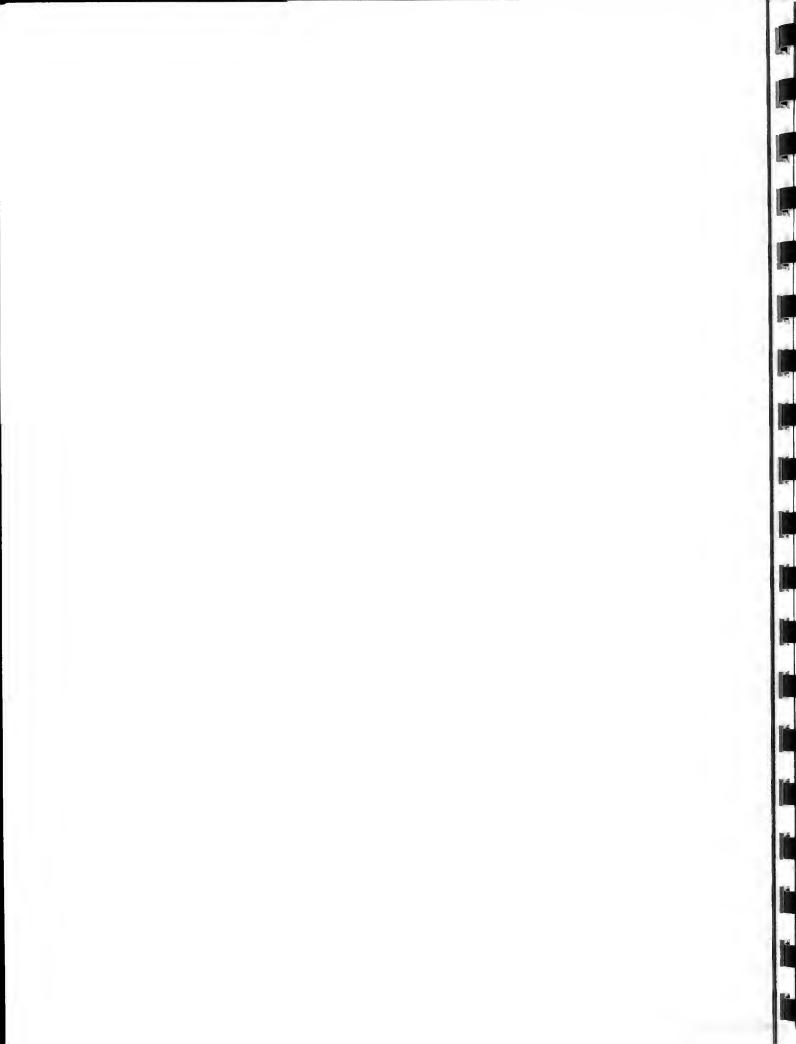
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OWL OBSERVATION FORM

Party Members	Date 4/12/87	Route Name Inclosinal
	Repeat Observation	? Y (N)
species Sum what	Number present <u>4</u>	Time <u>0200</u> to <u>0230</u>
Location:	•	
	<u>ω</u> section <u>28</u> 1/4 <u>Νά</u> SF 5083.7 M slope	20-4% Aspect N/NW
county: 3/14- Beli	Forest على	: Beaverhard
Drainage: Convor	Distri	ct: Wise First
Describe Observations Repeated Calling	s: (bark, territorial	call, sighting, etc.)
Describe Location: Small Pudge - mil Hwj. 43 Jct.	to 70p where Mill	eneck hyhway and
Describe Habitat: (Muture Lidgerik / A i ond of Grovell Ricky	canopy cover, comm. typ BLA Nat Sego Brush N Ne East of Mill Ricek	pe, stand age, etc.) Neadows, at upper- thylway Hunli,
Describe Land use/ma	nagement:	
Comments:		
LINCOLN G	ulelt QUA-DRANCE	.6



Party Members P. Mullon	Route Name ANGUS (1).	Target Species (if any) Berew Sawwhat
Route location:	County	Forest Billencot
Drainage Andrews	_ Elevation 4600_	District <u>Sula</u>
Repeat Visit ? Y	D 5300	
Route Description From Sula Ranger S C1. Rood 6 miles. Slager - Dig 1771	Star an Hung 9. Sana cultorer 11. 711-5/EASI	3. Lebest up Andrews ocras mostly steeps slopes.
Distance: 6 M (Means of travel: /m/e (auto, ski, etc.)	,	Start time: 2055 Finish time: 2720
Weather (at end of sure Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: Cloud Snow depth: 2-4	, I	Precipitation (describe): None
Species encountered (species # C. Houre	if any, use Owl Obs 	servation Form)



	Party Members	Date	4/17/89		Target Species
-	PMuller-				(if any)
	P. OLSEN	_	Name		[men]
			ortz Hill	<u> </u>	- taluens?
	Route location:		y Bravel		
	Drainage Quality		tion 6000	ନ	District Wise River
	Repeat Visit? Y	υ	O ·		
n21	Route Description WILL Quals hill Kons	d VE	un Hary	.43	- B miles to
	Distance: 8 Miles				Start time:
	Means of travel:				Finish time:
	(auto, ski, etc.)				·
	- 41				
	Weather (at end of survey) Temperature: 25°	∋у)		Dwoo	cipitation (describe): New
	Cloud cover: None	,			
	Snow depth: 3-5			WIIIC	1: Gust to 10.15 mph
	Species encountered (i	f any,	use Owl (Observ	vation Form)
	species #				
					

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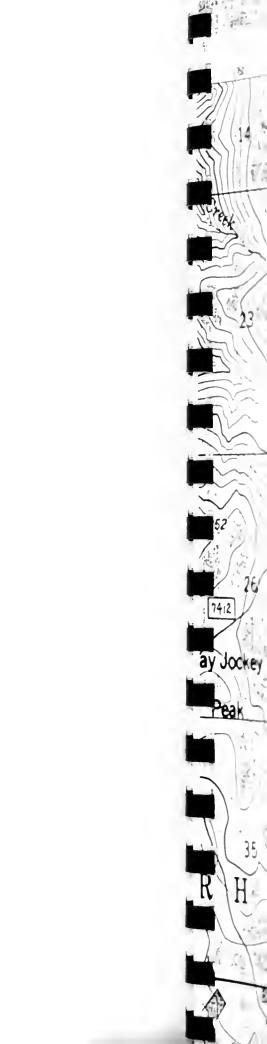
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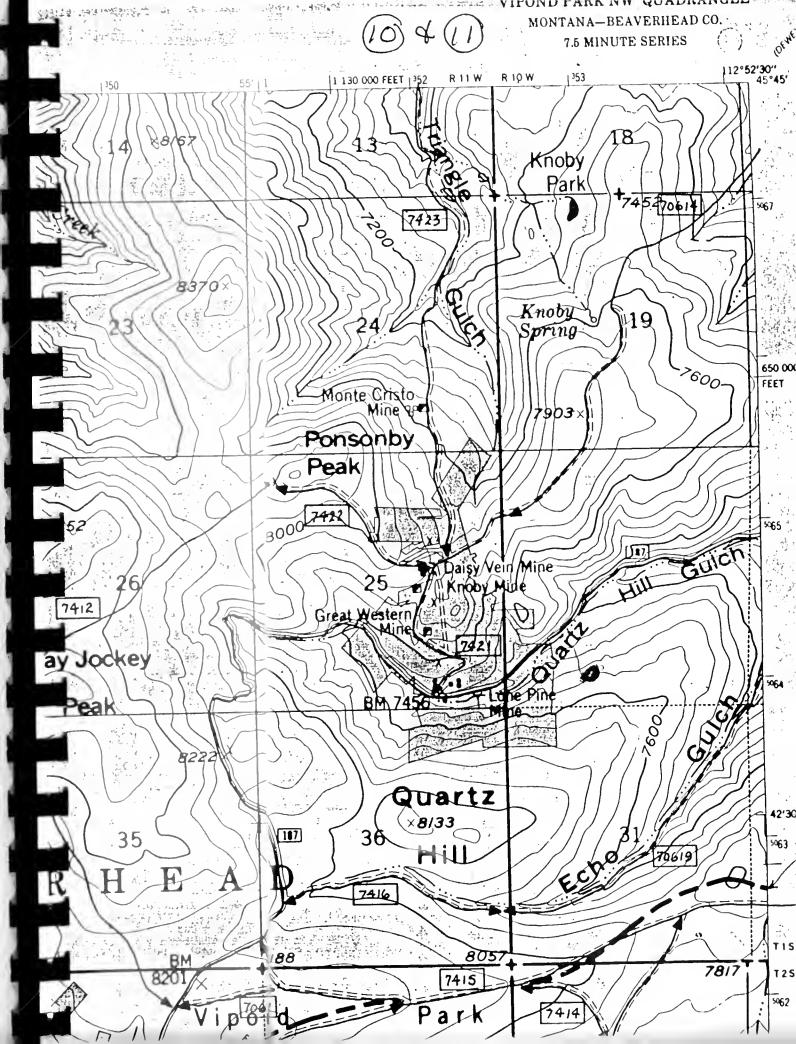
Party Members Date 4/17/89 Route Name Quaitz //11	
Polson Repeat Observation ? Y N	
Species Succeibed Number present 1 Time 3230 to 3240	
Location:	
Township 15 Range 100 Section 30 $1/4$ $5.E$ Elev 600	
UTM (Optional) 35310 E 50641 N Slope 5090 Aspect ω	
Drainage: Quark Gulch District: Wise Pivor	
Drainage: Quash Gulch District: Wise Pivor	
Describe Observations: (bark, territorial call, sighting, etc.) Figured Calling in Response to Boreal play back	
Describe Location:	
on East side and Afore Check Josem words Hill anne/ca	hy)
on East Side and Afore Check Joom.	•
Describe Habitat: (canopy cover, comm. type, stand age, etc.)	
Daughy Fir/ABLA. Mature above creek	
Describe Land use/management:	

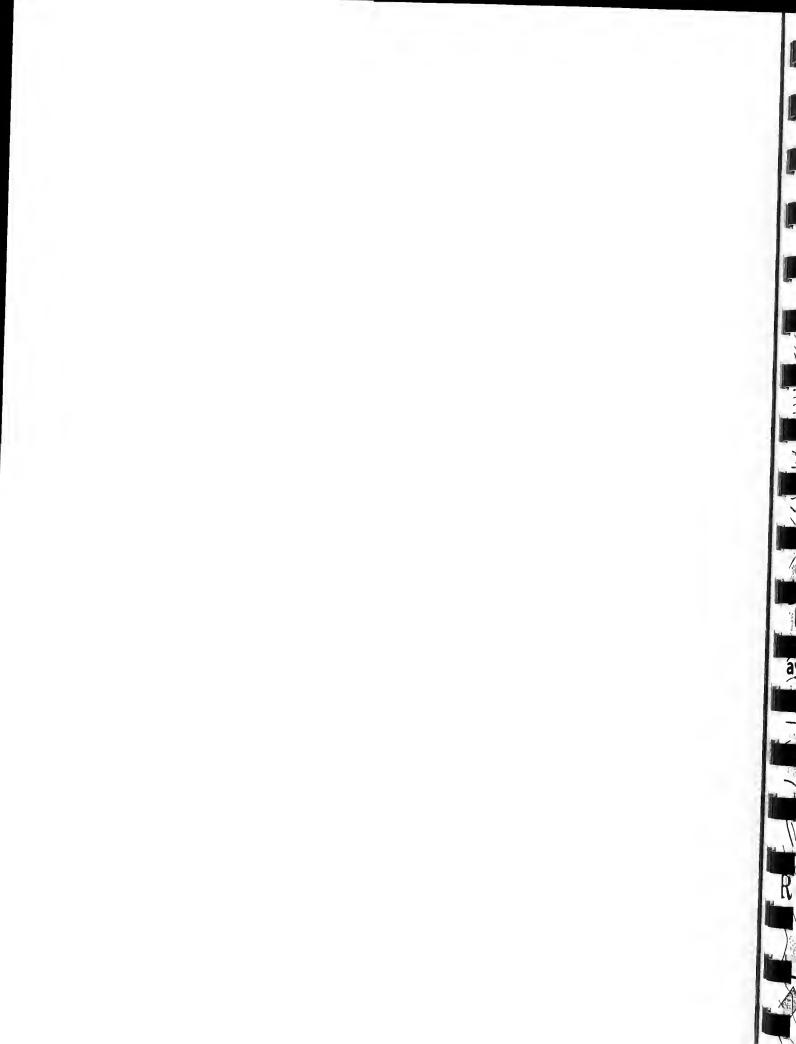
Comments:

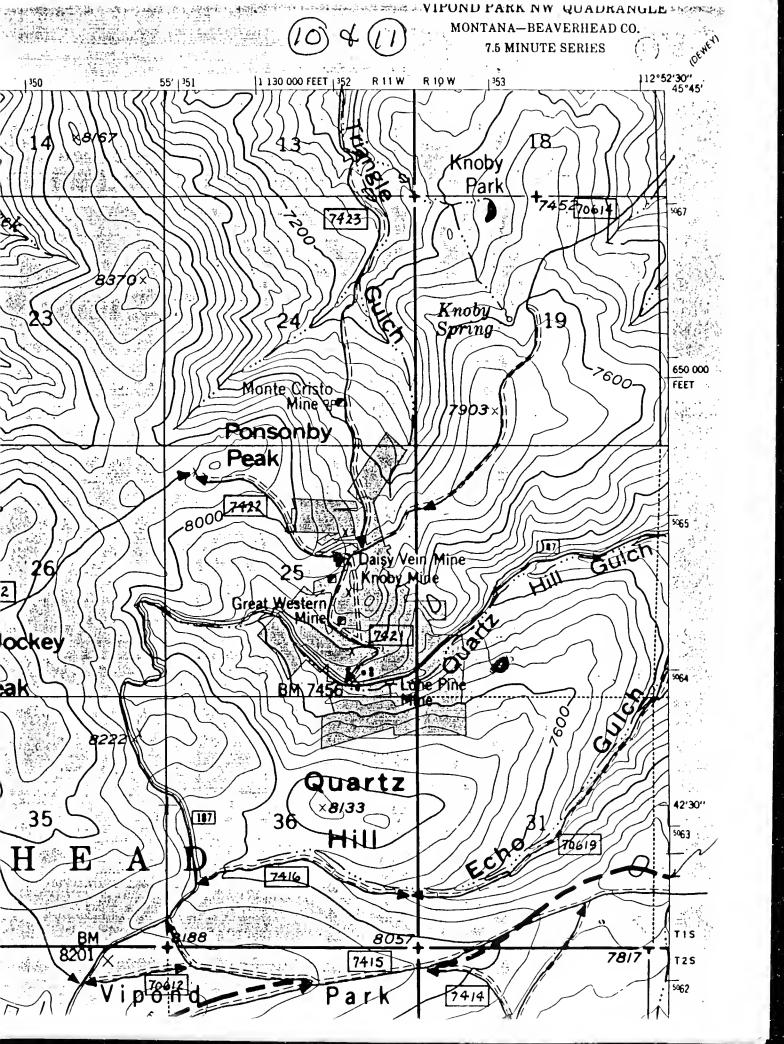
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VIPOND PARK N.W. QUAD.





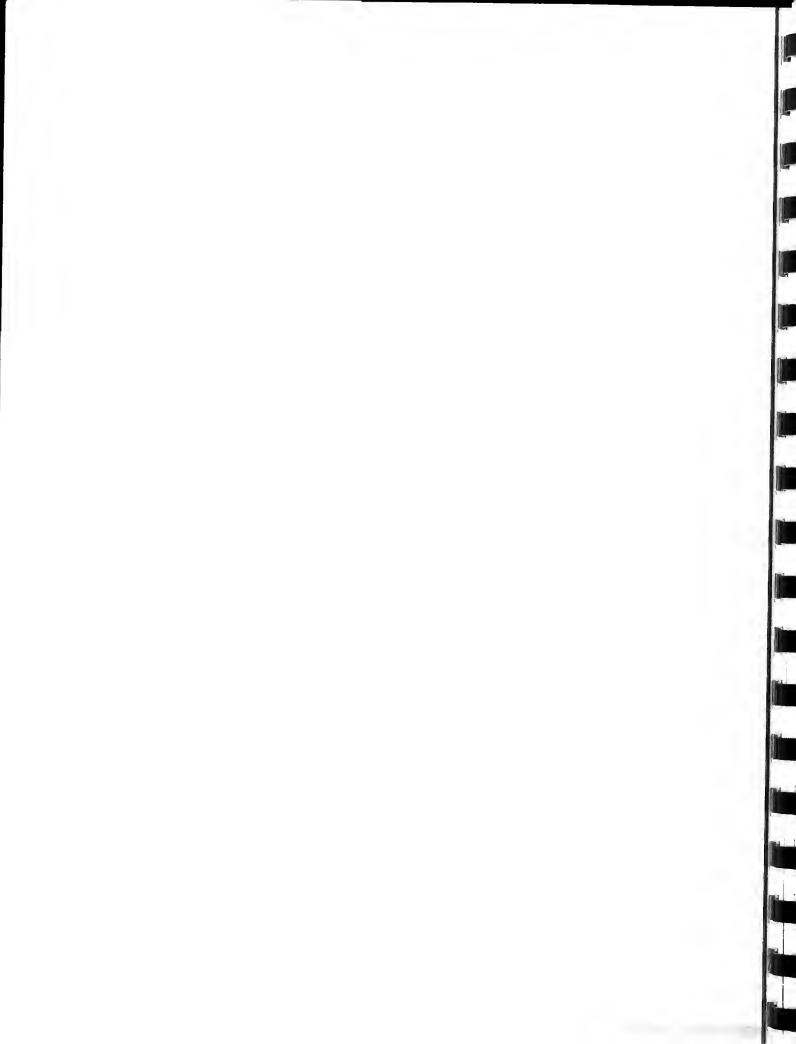




Party Members P.Mulle- Route location: Drainage Jerry Cr. Repeat Visit ? Y C.	Route Name Jerry Creal County Bea Elevation 6000 6200	Forest Beaker lead District Wise Pivor
Route Description Tom Jerry & Road To	ed ff Hwy 43.6	miles up Jerry Creekiloo
Distance: 6Mi Means of travel: Auto (auto, ski, etc.)		Start time: 2020 Finish time: 2/5D
Weather (at end of surve Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: 30°/ Snow depth: 3'	Pre	cipitation (describe): More d: Light
species encountered (in species #	f any, use Owl Obser - -	vation Form)

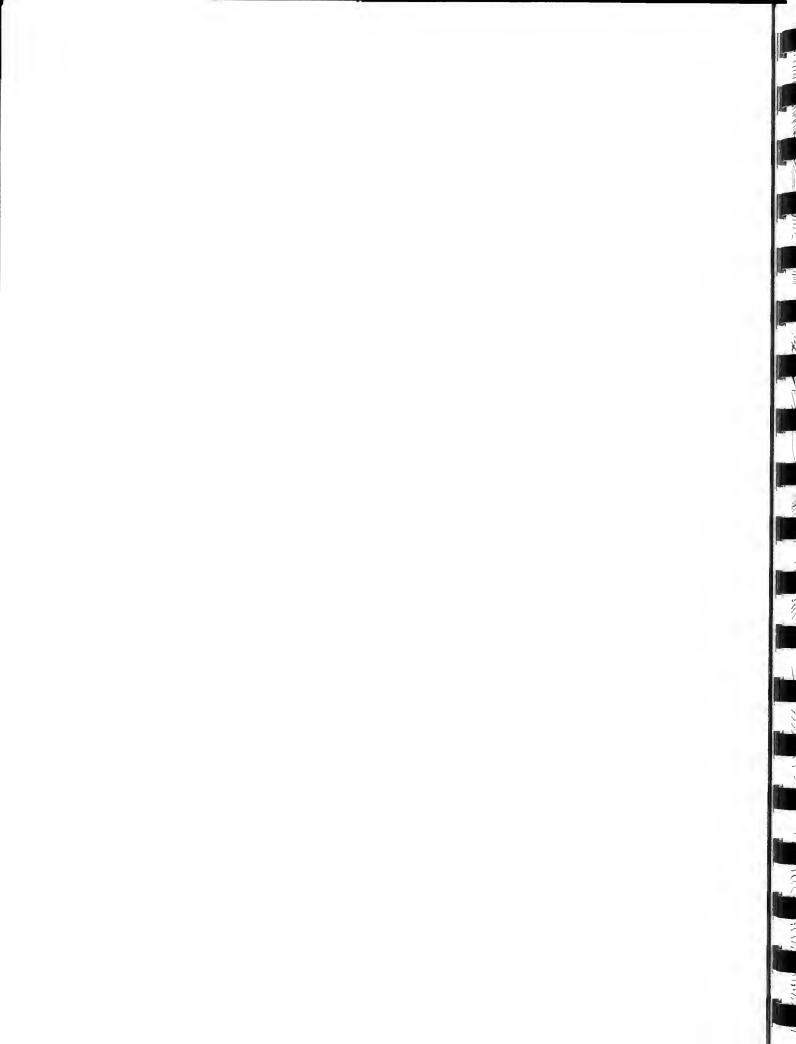
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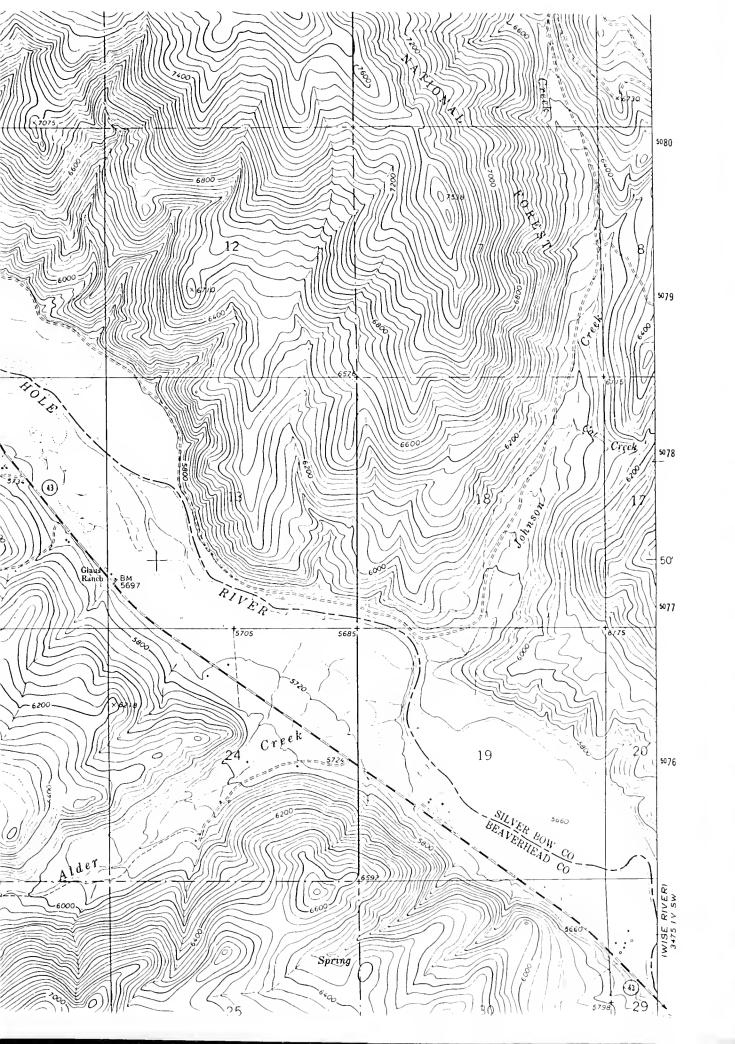
Route location: Drainage Befole Repeat Visit?	Route Name Horay 43 County Rowerland Elevation b 000	Target Species (if any) Souther Forest Reverted District Wile Revert
Route Description From Mallon Ron on Hury 43. Alon	ch on thus 4/3 Buy Hola Riker	to Ralslan Ranch
Distance: Smi Means of travel: Auto (auto, ski, etc.)		Start time: 2220 Finish time: 2340
Weather (at end of surve Temperature: 30 Cloud cover: Cloud Snow depth: 2-4	Pre	ecipitation (describe): None
Species encountered (if species #	e any, use Owl Obser	



OWL OBSERVATION FORM

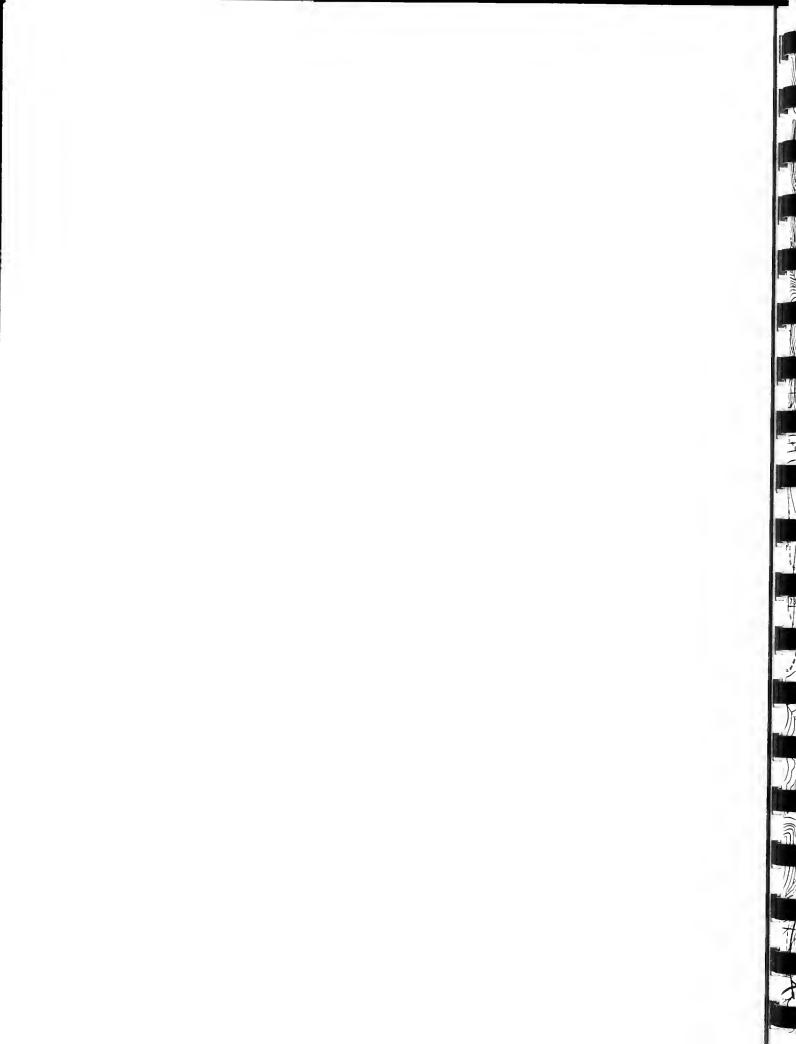
Party Members Date 5/02/09 Route Name 1/24 43
Repeat Observation ? Y
Species Cr. Gray Number present Time 1730
Location:
Township N Range 126 Section 14 1/4 SE Elev 5660
UTM (Optional) 340,8 E 5077,3 N Slope O Aspect
County: Beaverteed Forest: Beaverhead
Drainage: Big Hole District: West River
Describe Observations: (bark, territorial call, sighting, etc.) Sighting - Out Paichel on Roadside Reflecter Post NEAR 1964
Me mile WEST of Glans Ranch on they 13 Approx 4 miles
Describe Habitat: (canopy cover, comm. type, stand age, etc.) Asport hullow Stond on Slape South of road. Crass Hay Field on North of Road 1/4-1/2 mile 12/2018/2.
Describe Land use/management:
Comments:
Dickie Hills QUADRANGLE





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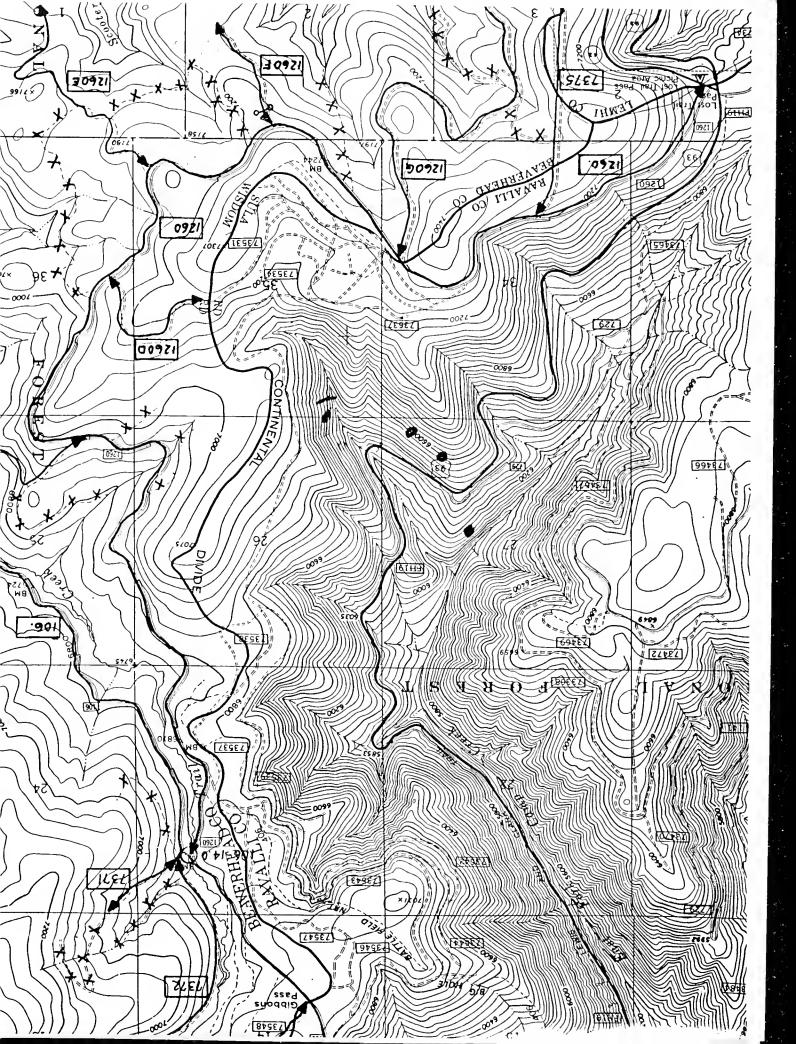
Party Members	Date	5/04/89	Target Species	
P Mullan		•	(if any)	
B. Costain	Route	Name	Gr Gray	
	uppor John	Yin ,	Bureal	
Route location:	Count	y Boared oad	Forest Banker Con	
Drainage 1	Eleva	tion	District Wishen	
Repeat Visit ?	(i) (ii)			
	•			
Route Description	-		.,	
Frank Manhor	Mostaus	on Taline	ME a. Road off	
Huy 42 - 70 6	1.14 0.00		THE S. ILLE OF	
1111 (3 10 5	younz errek	, 15 1		
,			-	
Distance: Lonid	cs		Start time: 2045	
Means of travel:	Auto		Finish time:2200	
(auto, ski, etc	.)		·	
Weather (at end o				
Temperature:	400.	Pre	cipitation (describe):Sca	
Cloud cover:	80%	Win	d: 5-10mph	٠, ١,
Snow depth:	۵ '			
Species encounter	ed (if any,	use Owl Obser	vation Form)	
species	#			
None				



OWL OBSERVATION FORM

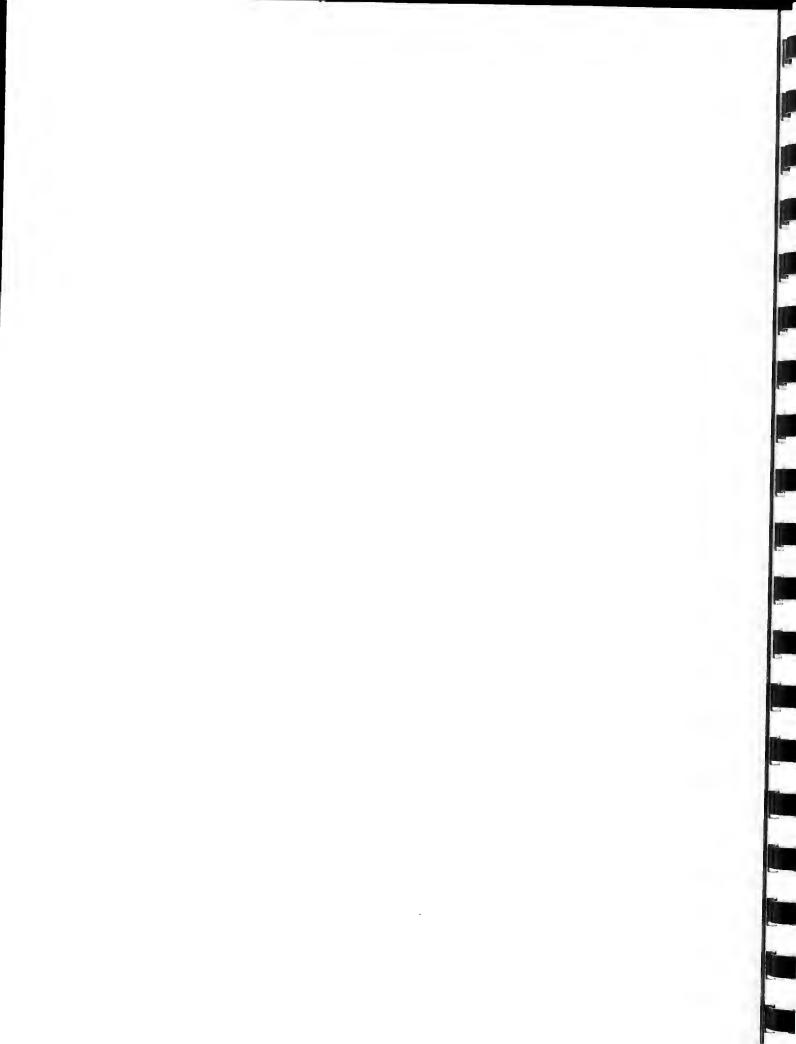
Party Members	Date 4/14/09_	Route Name
L. Mullen	Repeat Observation	? (D. Gent
species <u>Sum</u> what	Number present	Time $\underline{\varepsilon}$
Location:	. 21 51	- F
Township (5 Range (90)	Section $2/1/4 \frac{2.6}{2.6}$	50% Aspec
UTM (Optional) 272.26 County: Ratalli		: Bitterret
Drainage:		.ct: <u>Suki</u>
Diamage	C C Plan	
Describe Observations:	(bark, territorial	call, sighting
Below Road 3.7 mil	e, from List TRAIL	Pass on Sula
Describe Habitat: (can Gruce/Fir - Mature		
Describe Land use/manag	ement:	
Comments: LOST MENIL Pass	QUAB RANGLE	

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Party Members Pullery LMuller	Date	2-24-89	Target Species (if any)
T EASLEY GEASLEY	Route TRIA	Name NGLE	Boreal GREAT Horned etc.
Route location:		1 Bearenbead	Forest Boaverhoad
Drainage TRIANGLE	Eleva	tion 58x0-70x0	District Wis River
Repeat Visit ? Y			
Route Description From U.S. Hajboury Up TRIANGLE Builch LO WARTZ Hill ROF LO VIDONIS PARK.	43 a pas to. k	t Jerry Cruck t Dais Wein lest Around	L Fishing Access, south, Monde Cricto Mine operation Knobby PARK, South
Means of travel: Space we (auto, ski, etc.)			Start time: 1940 Finish time: 2330
Weather (at end of surve Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: 60% Snow depth: 4-6.ft.	у)	Prec Wind	ipitation (describe): scatterol snow : Variable to 15 mph.
Species encountered (if species #	any,	use Owl Observ	ation Form)



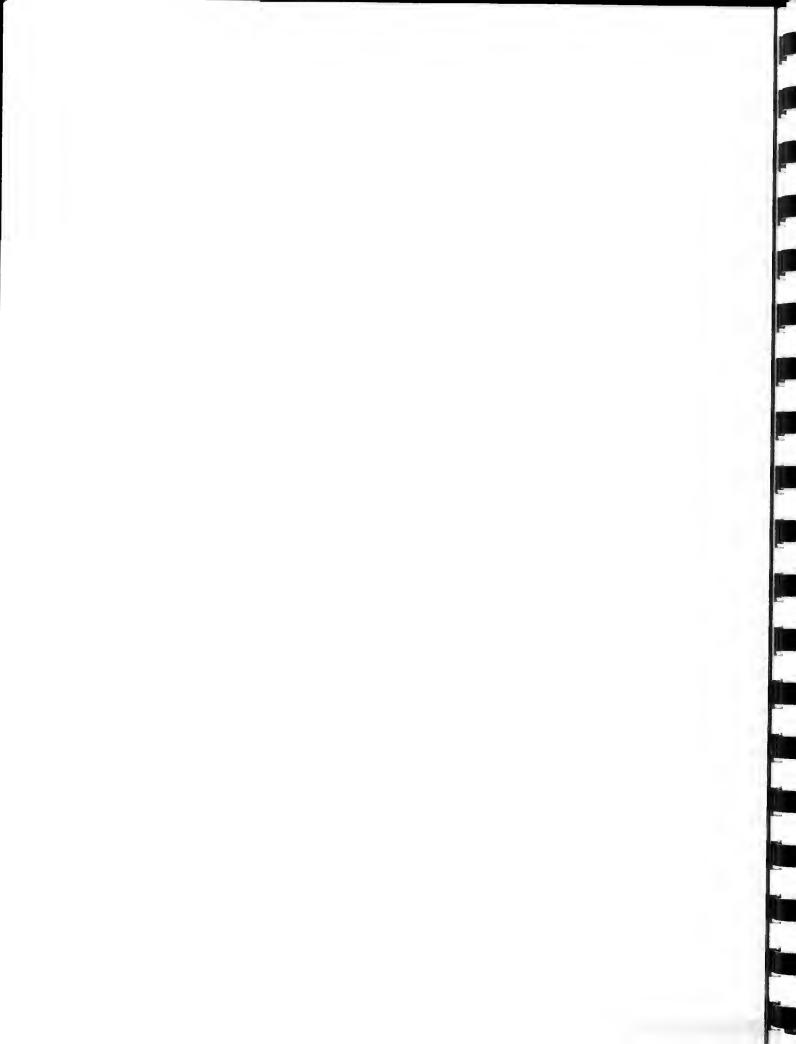
Party Members	Date <u>o</u>	267189	Target Species
P. Mullen			(if any)
J. Promozie	Route No.		Boreal Great-BRAY
Route location:	County	BOAVERHOED	Forest Reaverhead
Drainage Thu			District Wisdom
Repeat Visit ?	Y (M)		
Route Description From Pintlaz Howell Ca, EAST	LAKE ROAD of	of North B. Pson Cr, er	glible ROAD to Ling in Clam VALLEY.
Distance: // Miles Means of travel: 5 (auto, ski, etc.)	Fran Mobile		Start time: 1930 Finish time: 2300
Weather (at end or Temperature: Cloud cover: Snow depth:	20°F Clean	Prec Wind	ipitation (describe): NONE : Light - Variable
Species encountered species	ed (if any, us	e Owl Observ	ation Form)

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Party Members	Date	30-89	Target Species
P.Maller			(if any)
J. Pranozie	,	Name	SARAL
		E RIVER ROAD	_
Route location:	Count	y Bookerhous	Forest Bayerhead
Drainage Will River	Eleva	ition <u>6000-7800</u>	O District Who River
Repeat Visit ? Y (N	5		
	•		
Route Description			
From PATIENGAL CR	Ran	o (closure /	tread up Wisa Riker
ROAD Following Ne District Roundary	w Ó.	existruction. t	to Meno PARK-
active is a second			
Distance: 15 miles			Start time: /930
Means of travel: Snow	Nobile		Finish time: 2330
(auto, ski, etc.)			
Weather (at end of surve	∍y)		
Temperature: 20°		Pre	cipitation (describe): $\mathcal{V}^{ extstyle O, extstyle I}$
Cloud cover: 601/2		Wind	a: Light Vtrinble.
Snow depth: 4-6'			· ·
Species encountered (i	f any,	use Owl Obser	vation Form)
species #			
NONE	_		
	_		
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Party Members	Date	3/06/29	_	et Species
P. Muller.			(1)	fany) ./
J. Homozie	Route			
		PPER CR		
Route location:			Forest Be	
Drainage TRAPPER	Eleva	tion 45000	District	MISO KINTE
Repeat Visit?				
	•			
Route Description	1	ı		
From GLENDALE TO CREZEX ROAD.	Hec	H Mine	ARISA ON TR	5/1-12 & K
Distance: AMLES			Start tim	e: 1930)
Means of travel: Snew!	van 1		Finish ti	me: 2300
(auto, ski, etc.)	/ C U (H			
Weather (at end of surve				
Temperature: ろらっ F			Precipitation	(describe): NUNCE
Cloud cover: Uer			Wind: Light	
Snow depth: 4-5-ft.			O	
Species encountered (if	any,	use Owl Ob	servation Form)
species #	- 1			•
NONE	_			
	_			
	_			



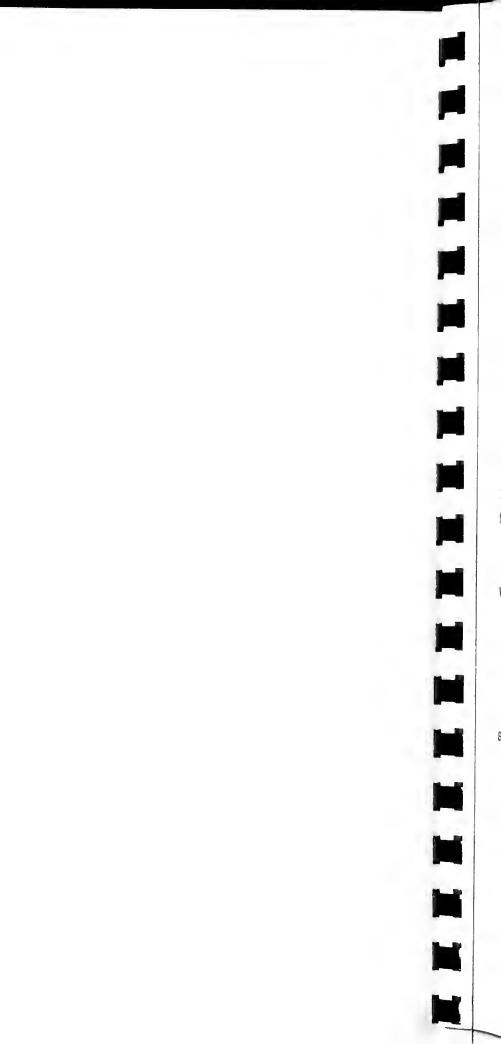
Party Members P. Mullen	Date	3/03/89	Target Species (if any)
LiMullen	Route	Name	ALL
J. Promozie	TRAG	PER CR.	
Route location:	Count	y Boaverhoad	Forest Beautonead
Drainage TRAPER	Eleva	tion 4500-650	District Wiss River
Repeat Visit ? Y			
From town of GLEND From TRAPPER CREEK	ALE O	HECLA MING	/CANYUN CR. ROAD AREA.
Distance: 9 MILES Means of travel: 5NOW (auto, ski, etc.)	Mobile		Start time: 1930 Finish time: 2200 See Comments
Weather (at and of surve	**1		
Weather (at end of surve Temperature: - 10°C Cloud cover: Ucar Snow depth: 4-5 H	-	Prec Wind	cipitation (describe): NONE d: None
species encountered (if	any,	use Owl Observ	vation Form)
TOD COLD FOR SAFETY			

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Party Members	Date 3-15:89	Target Species
phula		(if any)
T. Pramozic .	Route Name	Boral
	Lallocke Cut	1 1/15
Route location:		Any thing
1	County Doctorge	
	Elevation 600	District Wase River
Repeat Visit? Y		
Route Description		
From Schwing Bride	ALC# MEN # DUA	S. W) Seymun Lake Le Clerk Rood. Provel
	Z Z (Ight g Z II,	To syncur Cake
Koad 315 miles to	Exist byte (a March	e Cuck Road. Travel
Guillas To Edd of	Road.	1
0		
Distance: Sulles		Start time: 1930 -
Means of travel: Soul M	cachine	Finish time: 2200
(auto, ski, etc.)		
•		:
Weather		
Temperature: $\partial \mathcal{O}$		Precipitation: SAGO
Cloud cover: $\wp \%$		Wind: Heavy
Snow depth: 3-5 ft	-	7
- 1.		7
Species encountered /is		
Species encountered (if	any, use Owl Observ	ation Form)
species #		
Kone.		1
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Party Members Pullulan Thompaic Route location: Drainage Tishrep Cr. Repeat Visit? Y		Target Species (if any) Brew Anything Forest Britane District Lakse Rica
Route Description From they haven the arcek Turney, 972	13 up Mudd Co xel 8 miles Down	rick Road to Fishtrap
Distance: BMMCS Means of travel: SMM M (auto, ski, etc.)	dule	start time: 1930 Finish time: 2230
Weather Temperature: D° Cloud cover: /W/o Snow depth: 3.5/4	-	Precipitation: Show Wind: Gustle
Species encountered (if species #	f any, use Owl Observ	vation Form)



Party Members P. Mullen T. Provozic	Route	3-20-89 Name	Target Species (if any) Frycal Great Gray
Route location: Drainage Describe Co. Repeat Visit? Y	County	1 Bouverhad	Forest Beaverhoad District Wisken
Route Description up Doch He Rd, of Doch He Rd.	· Highe	#43 23, 2 mil	es up North Fork of
Distance: Smiles Means of travel: Spin A (auto, ski, etc.)	ldile		Start time: 1430 Finish time: 2245
Weather (at end of surve Temperature: 20° Cloud cover: Cloud Snow depth: 4ft	у)		ipitation (describe): : Light
species #	- ,	use Owl Observ	
COMMENIS: TWO Rodd Il ca	MILI 2 · (re 1 · (s) 1 · (s)	probable formation	Brunday- Erunday- Temple Bordal Coroller Job 3 TIMES,

MINHP 1515 E. 6th Ave., Helena, MI 59620

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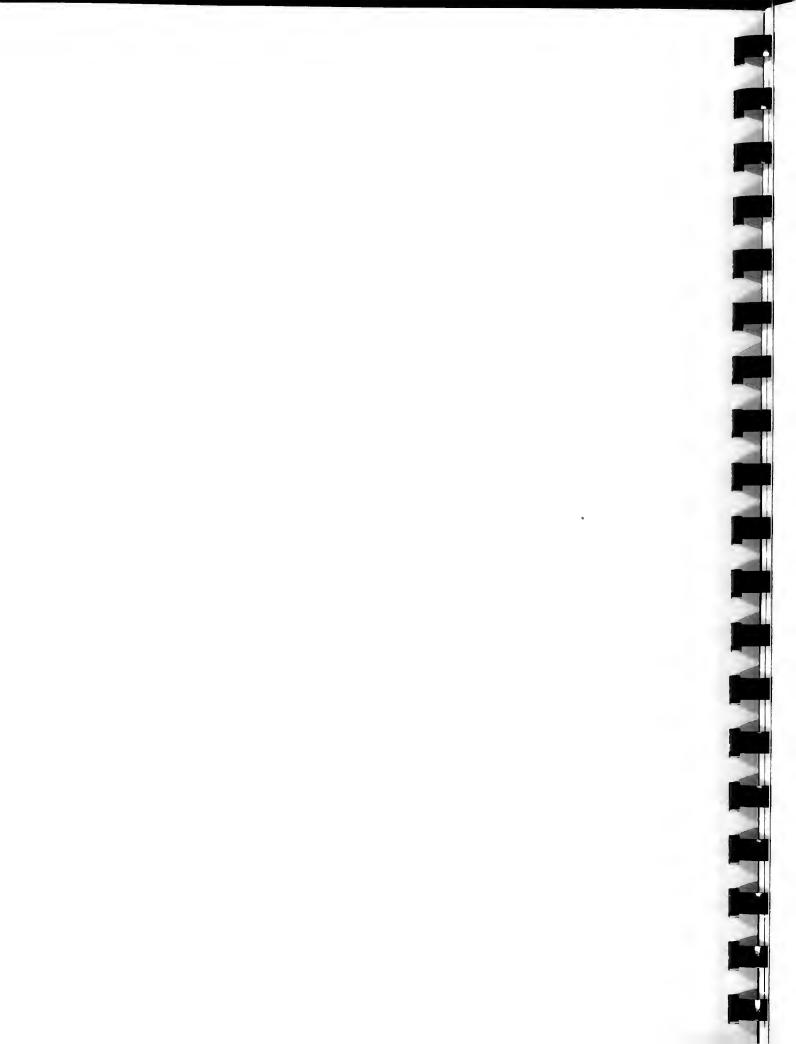
Re

Di:

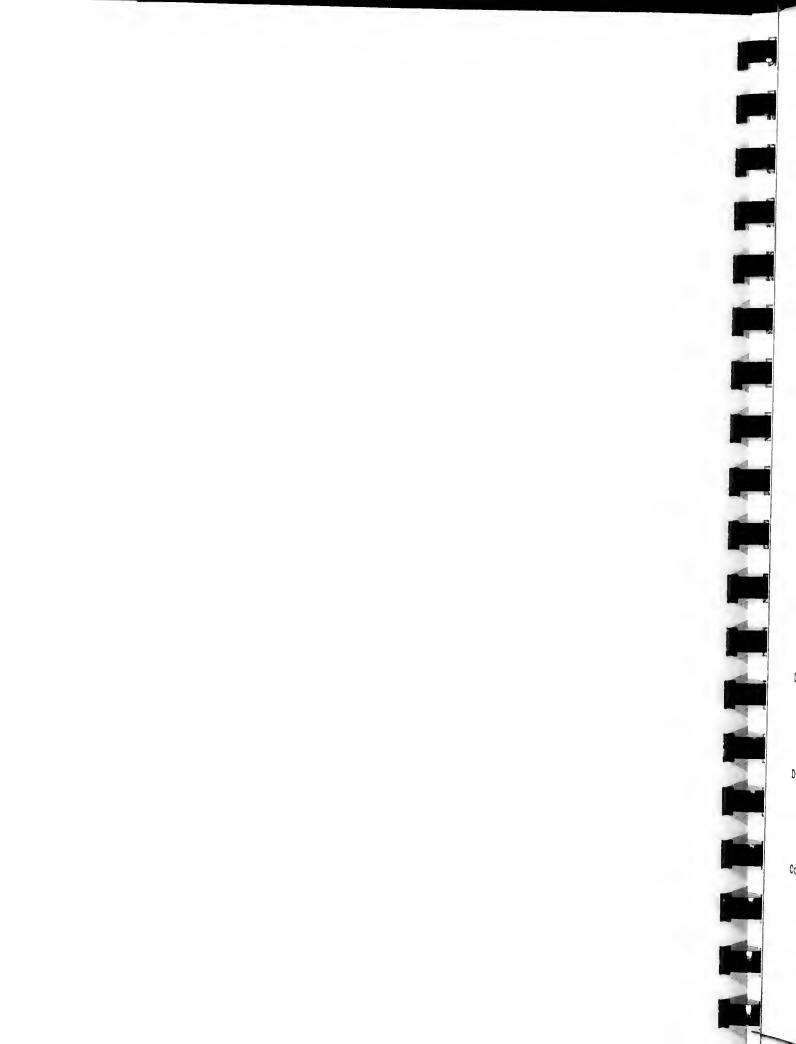
Ne

8p

Party Members	Date 3-21-89	Target Species
P. Mulhen		(if any)
I. Promosice	Route Name	breel.
	STEEL-FOX	Great Gray
Route location:	County Bears	Lead Forest Beakerhand
Drainage <u>STO</u>	el Cr. Elevation 6200	.6400 District Wissem
Repeat Visit ?	Y ∠Ñ	
Route Description From Highway In Fare: 7	# 43 at Wisdom u	P stad Crock Road te along Road # 33,
Distance: 9 intes	4	Start time: 1930
Means of travel: (auto, ski, etc		Finish time: 2300
Weather		
Temperature:	30°	Precipitation: None
Cloud cover:	Dently	
Cloud cover: Snow depth:	2 4 6	Wind: Gusty
	2-7 14,	
Species encounter	ed (if any, use Owl O	bservation Form)
species	#	
Great Harned	. 1	
		*
		

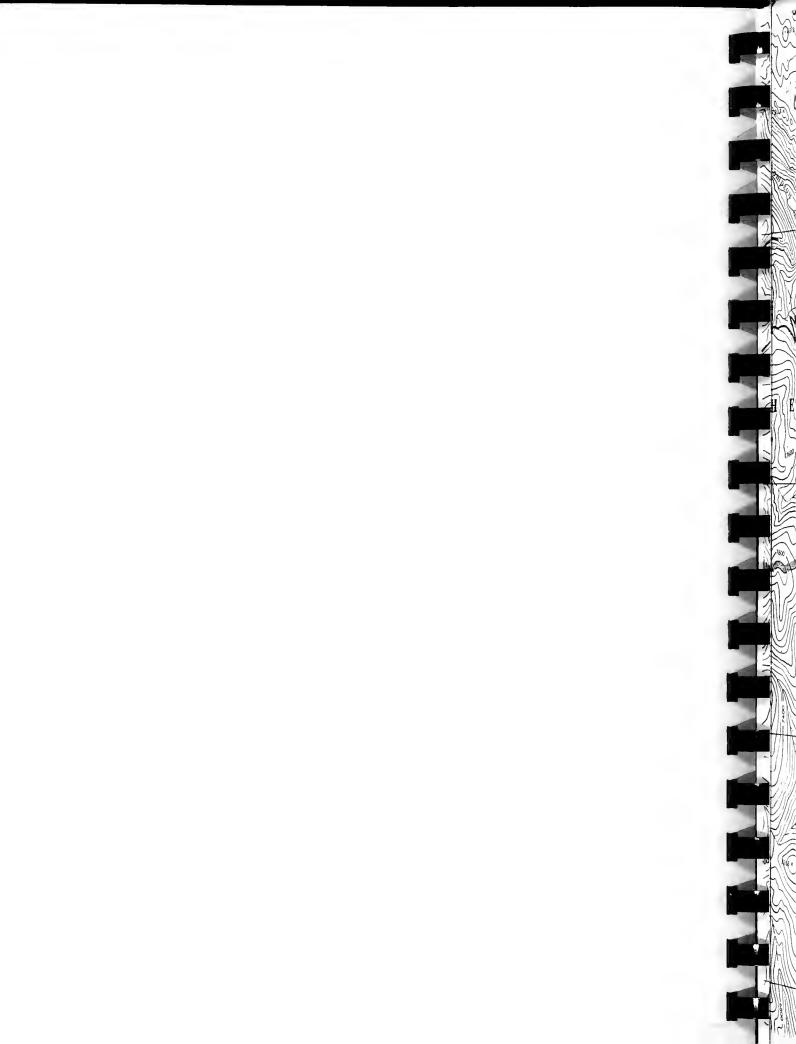


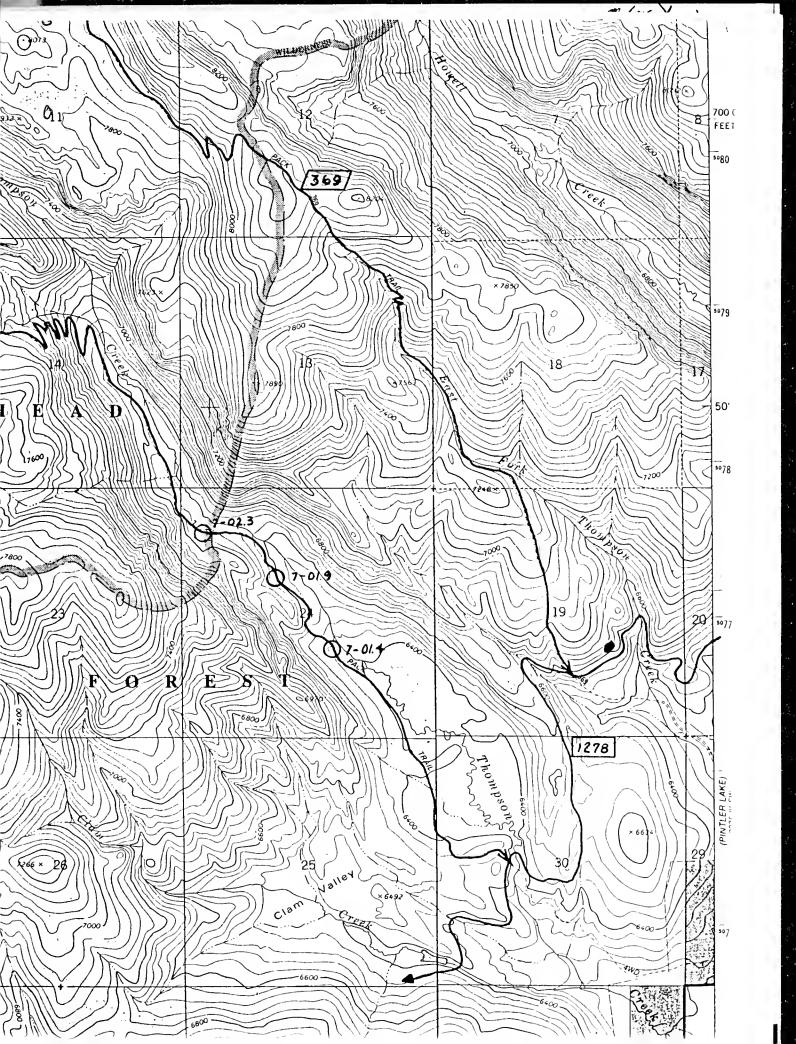
Party Members	Date 3-24-89	Target Species
1. Mullen Limiter	Route Name	(if any) Break.
Repeat Visit ? Ø N		District Western
Route Description From Pintlen Clerk East Fork Thomson	Road at Howell Or Creak Jak.	ak Rd Jet. 8 miles
Distance: Emiles Means of travel: Special (auto, ski, etc.)	1achine	Start time: (430) Finish time: 2730
Weather		
Temperature: 30°. Cloud cover: Prily Snow depth: 5#		Precipitation: Kene Wind: Nuxe
Species encountered (in	f any, use Owl Observ	vation Form)
species # Snew what 1 Great Wind 7	- = 1)	

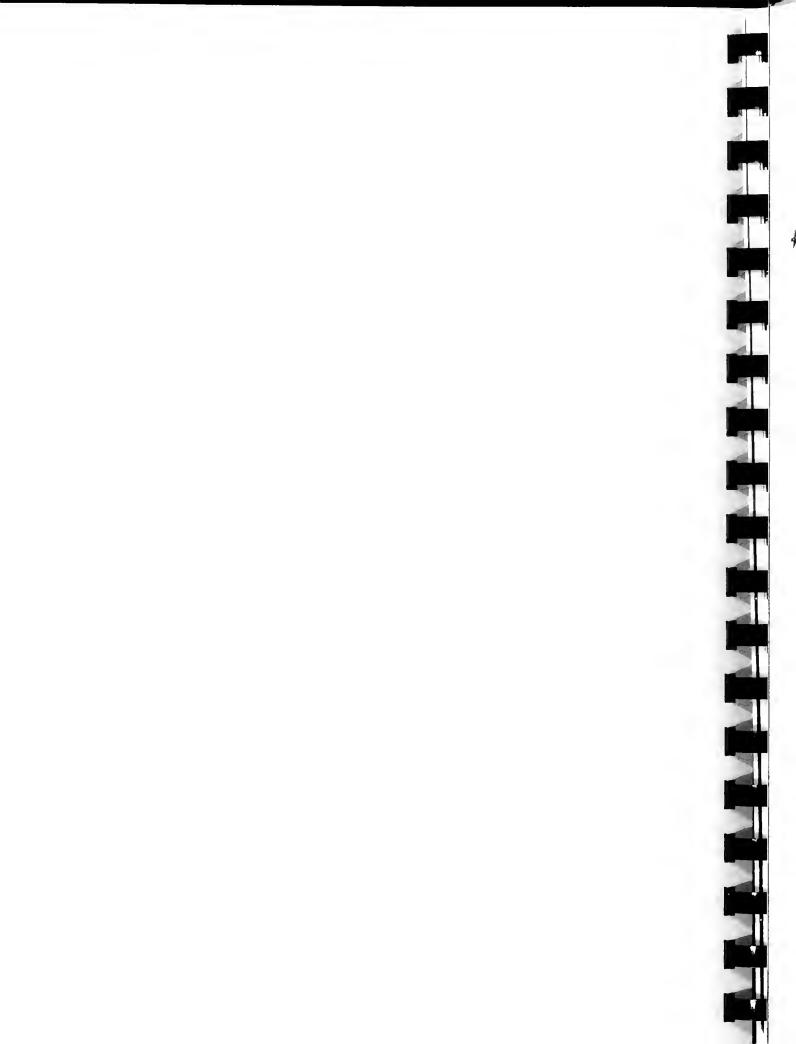


OWL OBSERVATION FORM

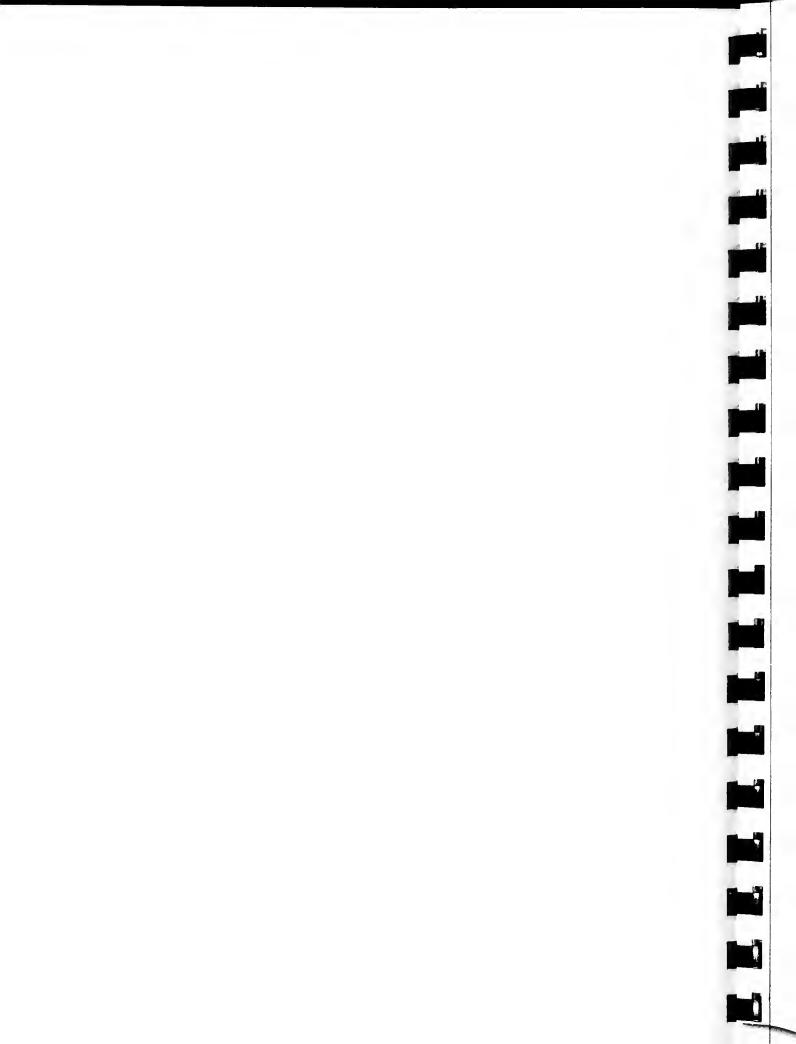
Pinulon	ate $3/24/84$ Rout	
	opeas observation v	
species Saw Whet N	Number present	Time 1920 to 7950
Location: Township IN Range 15 Wse UTM (Optional) 5076.8 N County: Beaventee X Drainage: LASI Test Thom	30513	Aspect 1/0
Describe Observations: (1) AT Dusk Out Bogan Continued until Dork	when we moved on	sighting, etc.) Borod Call Hape
Describe Location: Confer Sland above Myster Lake Troil		
Mature Lockepole 51. Punch grass / aspen 11	y cover, comm. type, stand onl (3 acre,) surrow Meadows, 50 M from	and age, etc.) nded by Sage Brush Thampson Creek.
Describe Land use/management しいらいだら、	ent:	
Comments:		
Mussicybrob LAIRA	QUIORNAGLE	



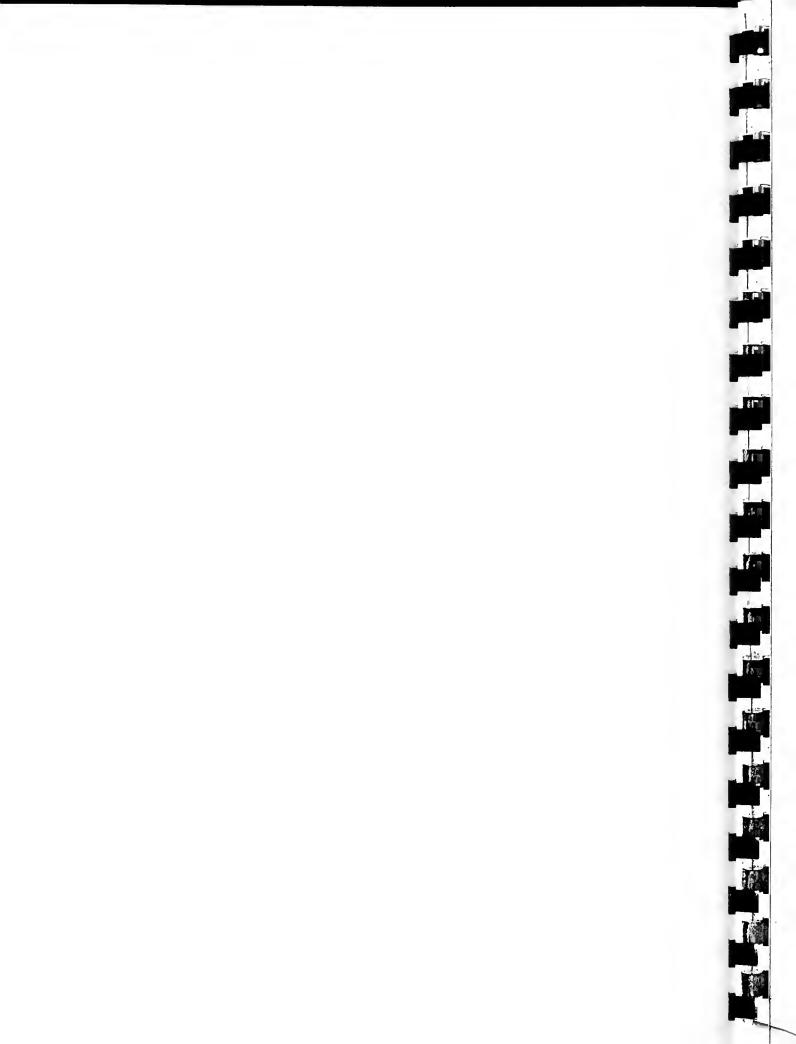




K	Party Members Principle J. Jones - May 35 Route location: Drainage Swamp Repeat Visit? Y N	Route	Le BLSS	Target Species (if any) Bered Forest Back phase District WISDOM
	Route Description FROM 100 51 13 8 Miles up Ron	10D9 10 -	on the	6/6/Empsullo 12d-
	Distance: And (L) Means of travel: And (auto, ski, etc.)	1116	ir	Start time: / うるこ Finish time: タネるひ
	Weather (at end of survey Temperature: 30° Cloud cover: 20% Snow depth: 41	у)	Pre Win	cipitation (describe): NONE d: 5/196t, - gusts of
	Species encountered (if species #	any,	use Owl Obser	vation Form)



Party Members	Date 3-27-89 Route Name	(if any)
Route location:		
Drainage Lick En	Elevation 5600	-, co District SklA
Repeat Visit ? Y N	,	
Route Description (1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Lich enoch 1	almon dund Silver,
Distance: 7.5 M Means of travel: 4.10 (auto, ski, etc.)	Ale Cole	Start time: 1930 Finish time: 2/40
Weather (at end of surve Temperature: 35° Cloud cover: 55°/m Snow depth: 17'		Precipitation (describe): Varuable Wind: Light Variable
species encountered (if species # Saw what I Female Bored Ban	any, use Owl Ob	servation Form)



From: MTNIHP Sito of Community Survey Manual Develice, R.L.) Version 91 I

GROUND COVER (two-digit codes)

Enter cover class code for each of the following types of ground cover:

S - bare soil (particles < 1/16 in. dia.)

G - gravel (particles 1/16 to 3 in. dia.)

R - rock (particles > 3 in. dia.)

L - litter and duff. Litter includes freshly-fallen leaves, needles, twigs, bark, fruits; duff is fermentation layer and humus layer.

W - wood (downed fragments > 1/4 in. dia.)

M - moss. Also includes Lycopodium and Selaginella.

BV - basal vegetation. This is the area occupied by root crowns and stems, <u>not</u> canopy cover. Values rarely exceed 30% and are usually lower.

O - other. Use when an additional category is needed. Identify the "other" item (e.g., lichen; water).

Use the following cover classes and codes:

<u>Code</u>	<u>Class</u>	<u>Midpoint</u>	
0	0%	0%	
1	< 1%	0.5%	
3	1% to 4.9%	3%	
10	5% to 14.9%	10%	
20	15% to 24.9%	20%	
30	25% to 34.9%	30%	
40	35% to 44.9%	40%	
50	45% to 54.9%	50%	
60	55% to 64.9%	60%	
70	65% to 74.9%	70%	
80	75% to 84.9%	80%	
90	85% to 94.9%	٠,90%	
98	95% to 100%	97.5%	
T =	for very small	cover (e.g., <.190)	

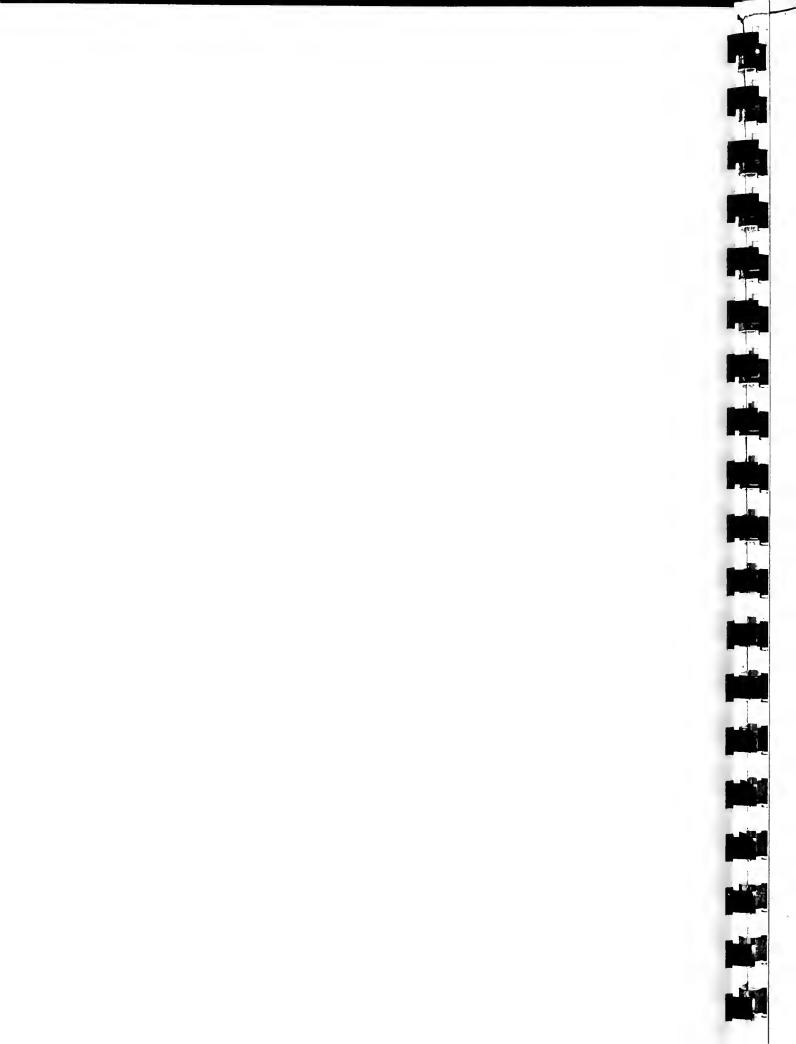
RIPARIAN FEATURES

If the plot is within the riparian zone record the following information (indicate units of measurement as appropriate):

Channel Width (up to three-digit number) - if valley contains multiple channels, give width of channel nearest to the plot.

Channel Entrenchment (up to three-digit number) - depth to which channel has cut into valley floor.

Surface Water (two-digit code) - estimate of maximum ground cover of surface water on plot during the year (use cover classes listed above under "Ground Cover").



Height Above Water (up to three-digit number) - height of plot above stream or pond surface when water is at bankfull stage (water at bank-full stage reaches lower limit of terrestrial vegetation).

Distance from Water (up to three-digit number) - distance from water at bank-full stage to nearest plot edge.

GENERAL SITE DESCRIPTION

Description (a "word picture") of the place where the sampled community occurs. (Any specific information about the plot itself should be written into the "Comments" field following the "Ocular Plant Species Data"). Consider the setting of the community occurrence in the surrounding landscape (including landscape features and adjacent community types).

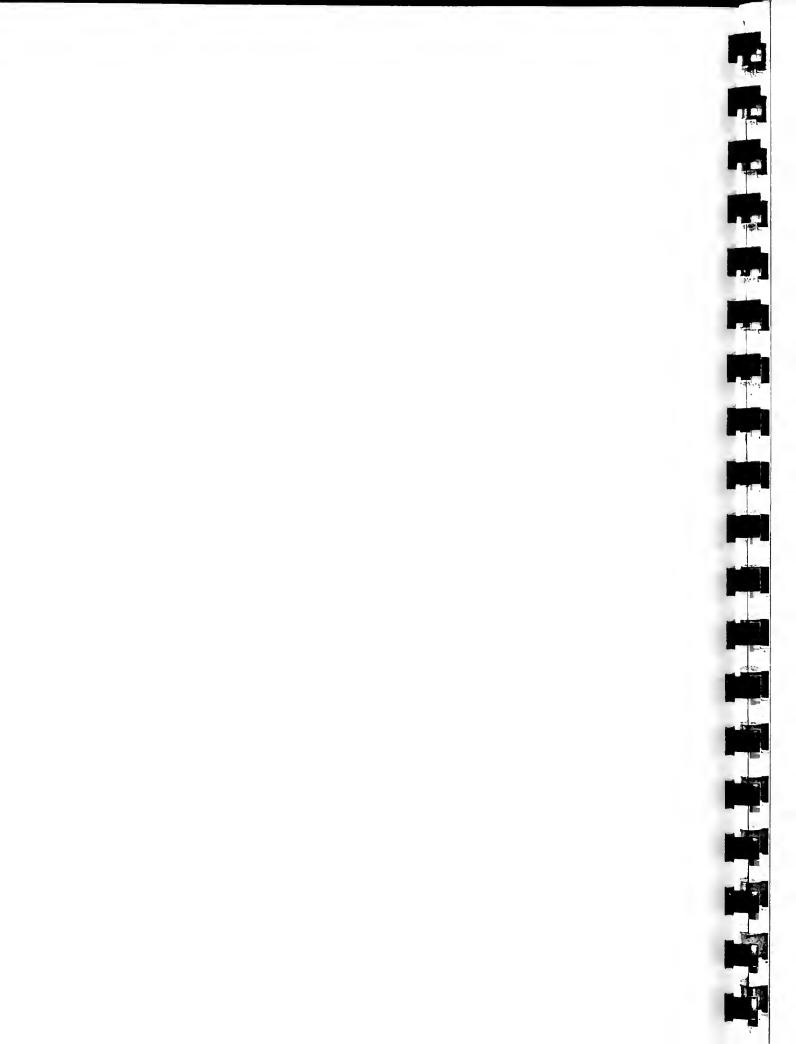
OCULAR PLANT SPECIES DATA

This portion of the form is used for recording plant species data by lifeform class, i.e., "Trees", "Shrubs", "Graminoids", and "Forbs".

For all cover estimates, use the codes from the following cover class table:

T = for very small cover (e.g., <.1%)
PITIDL (two-digit code)

Plant Identification Level - enter the two-digit number that represents the percent of canopy cover equal to or greater than which all plants are to be identified. For example, "5" indicates that all plant species having 5% canopy cover or greater would be recorded; "0" indicates <u>all</u> plant species have been recorded.



Tot Cv (two-digit code)

Total Cover - estimate the percent canopy cover for the respective lifeform. This estimate is not the sum of all species in the lifeform and does not count overlap. It is the horizontal percent cover of the vertical projection of the lifeform.

Tal Cv (two-digit code)

Tall Height Cover - estimate "Total Cover" (as described above) by life form for individuals taller than 5 m (16.4 ft).

Med Cv (two-digit code)

Medium Height Cover - estimate "Total Cover" (as described above) by life form for individuals <u>between 0.5 and 5 m tall (1.6 - 16.4 ft)</u>.

Low Cv (two-digit code)

Low Height Cover - estimate "Total Cover" (as described above) by life form for individuals between 0.05 and 0.5 m tall (0.2 - 1.6 ft).

Grd Cv (two-digit code)

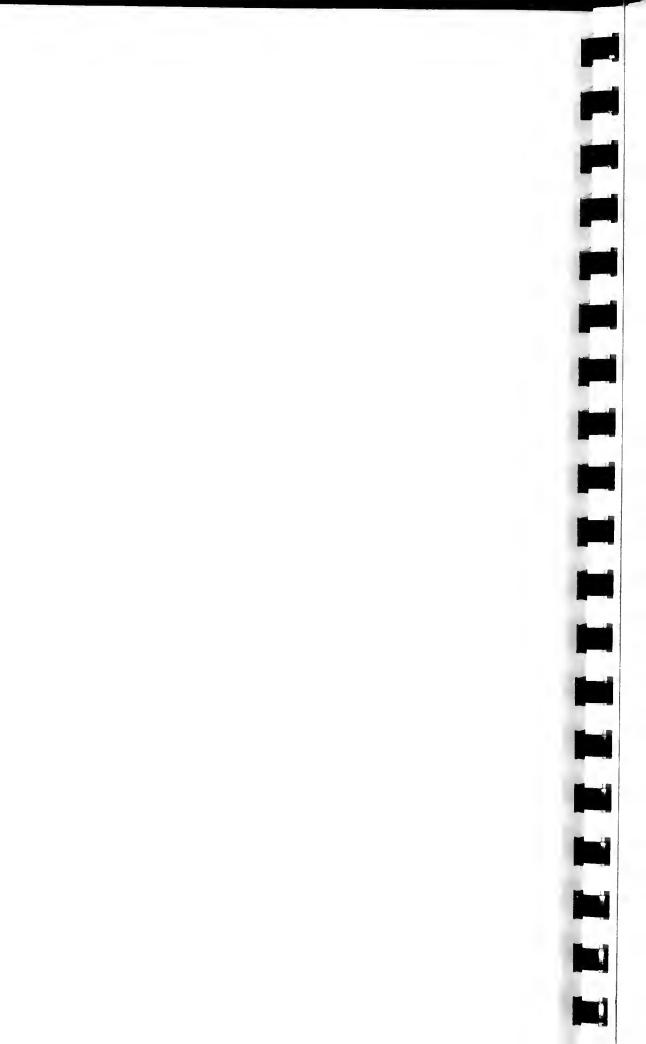
Ground Height Cover - estimate "Total Cover" (as described above) by life form for individuals shorter than 0.05 m (0.2 ft).

MHt (three-digit code)

Mean Height - estimate the mean height of the dominant size class within the respective lifeform. Indicate units of measurement.

CC (two-digit code)

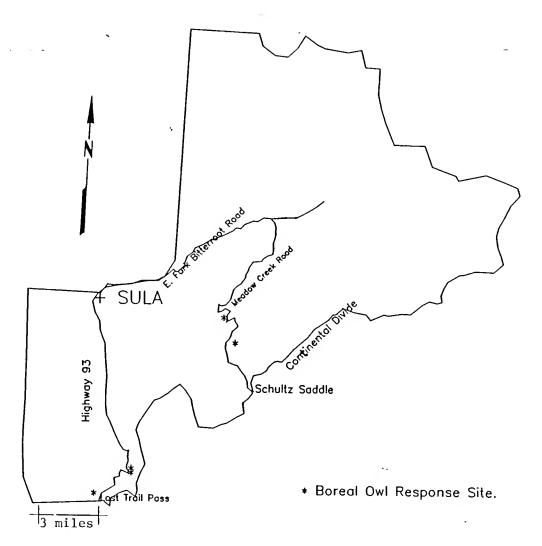
Canopy Cover - enter the appropriate canopy cover code listed above for each species in each lifeform.



APPENDIX II

Boreal Owl Response Site maps.

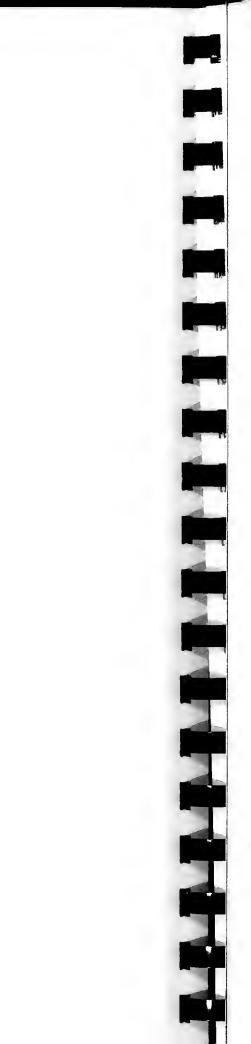


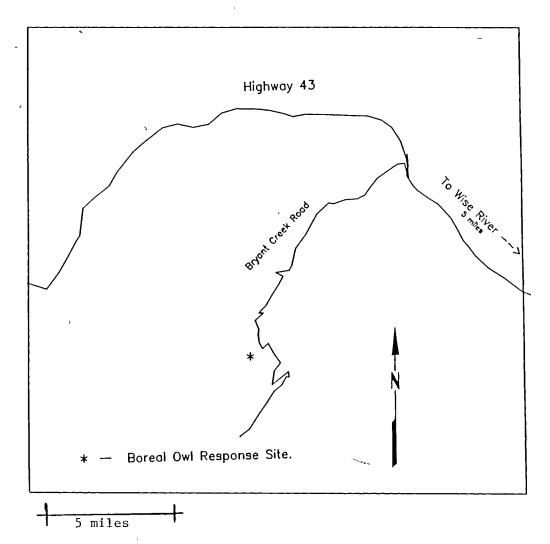


Site map for Lost Trail Pass, Meadow Creek, and Gibbons Pass survey routes.

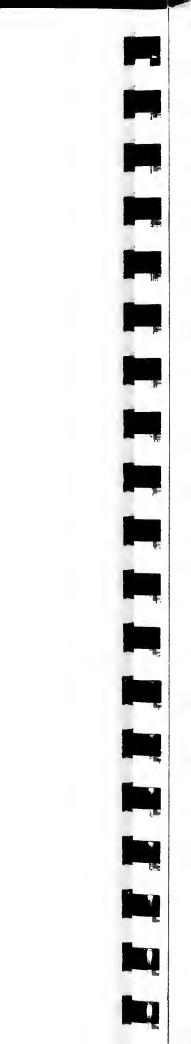


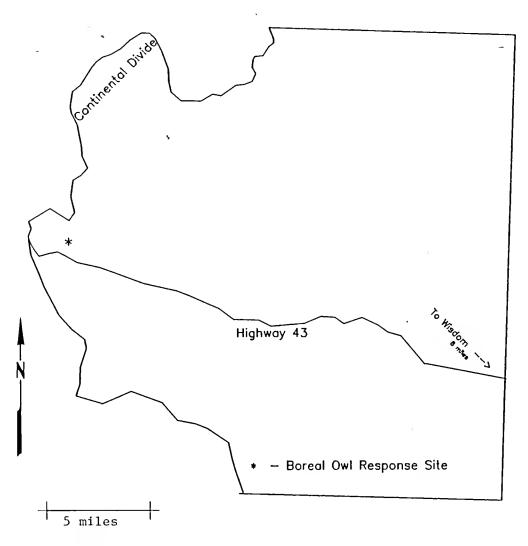
Site map for Skinner Meadows survey route.



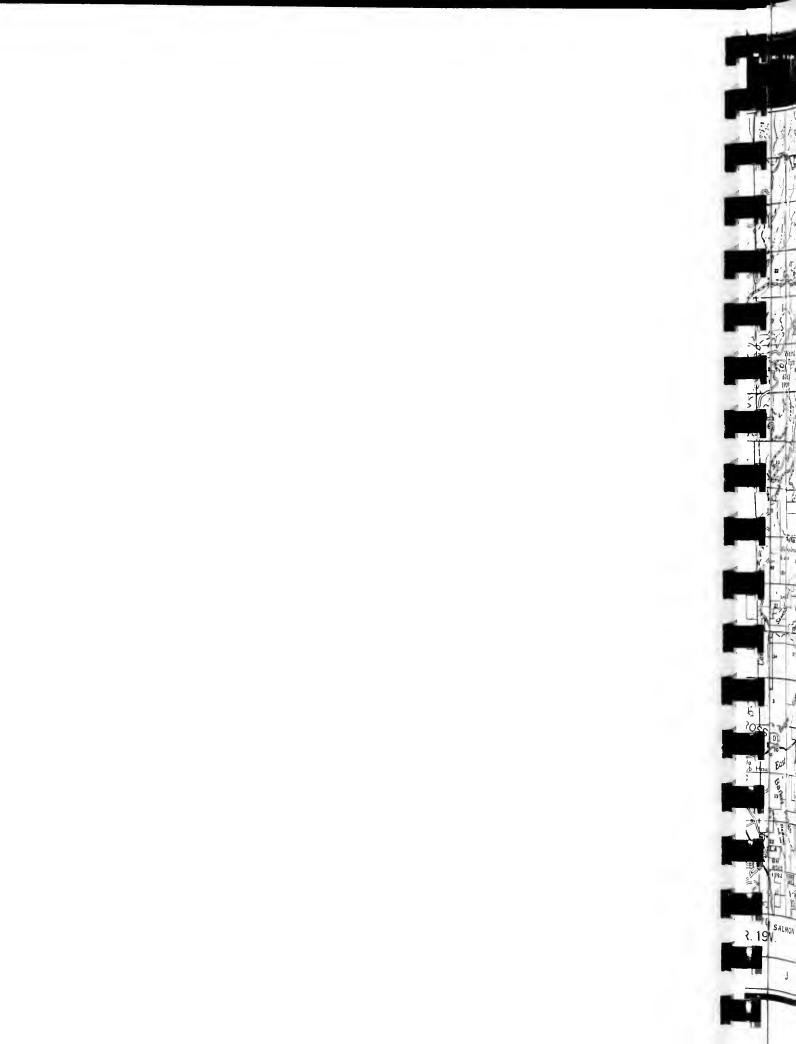


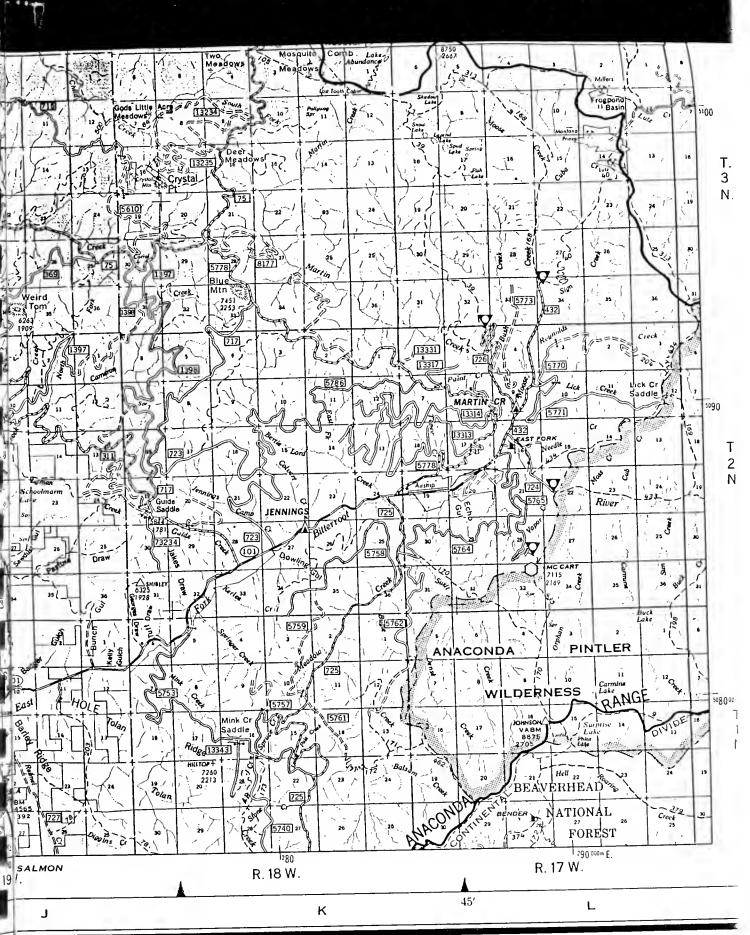
Site map for Bryant Creek survey route.

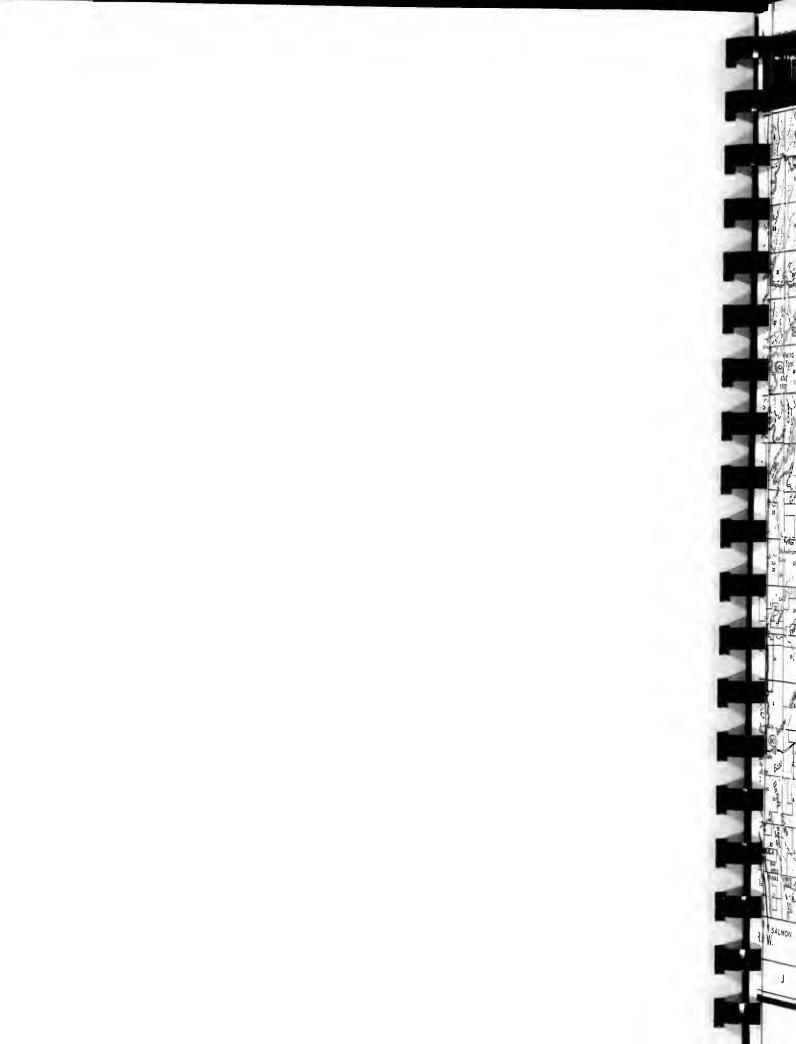


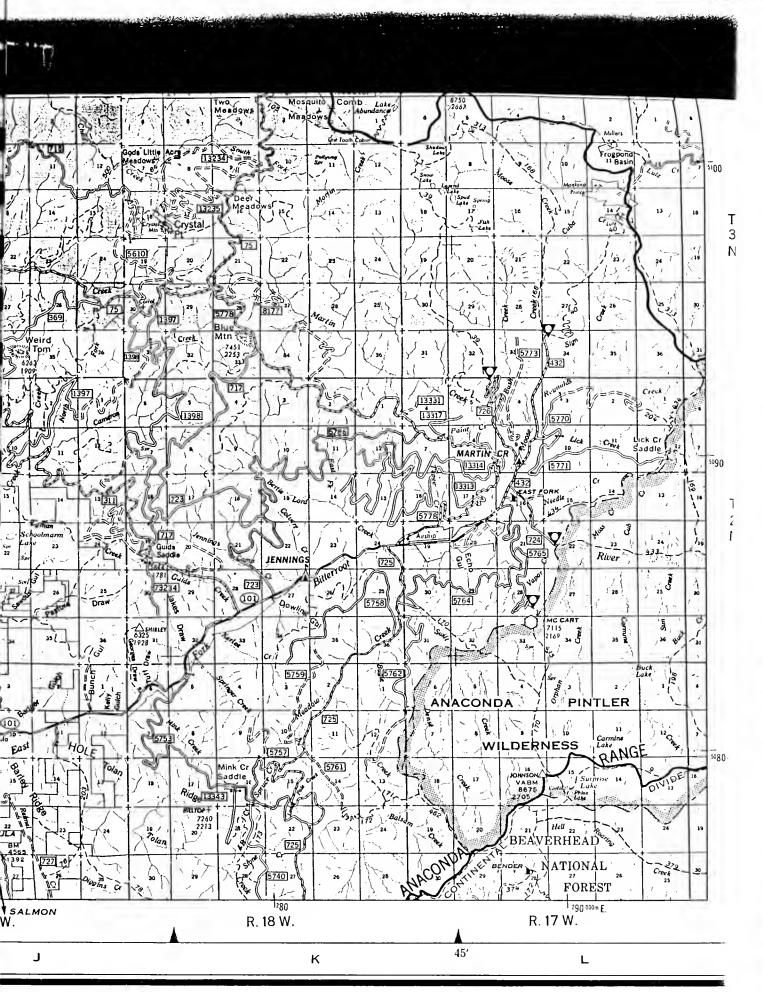


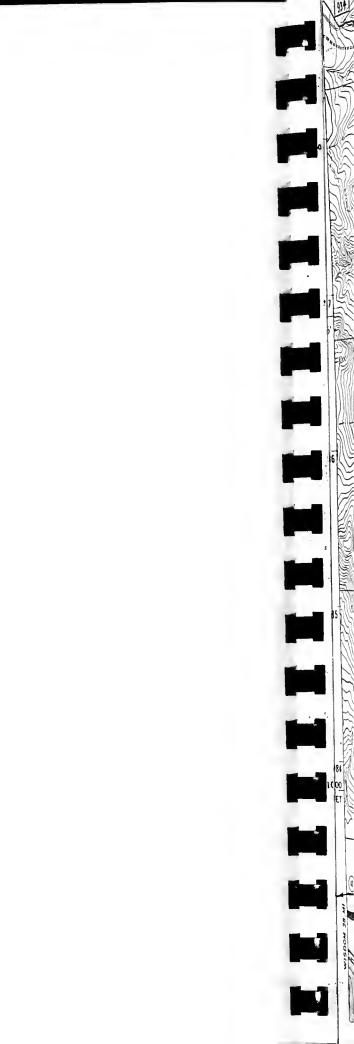
Site map for Chief Joseph Pass survey Route.

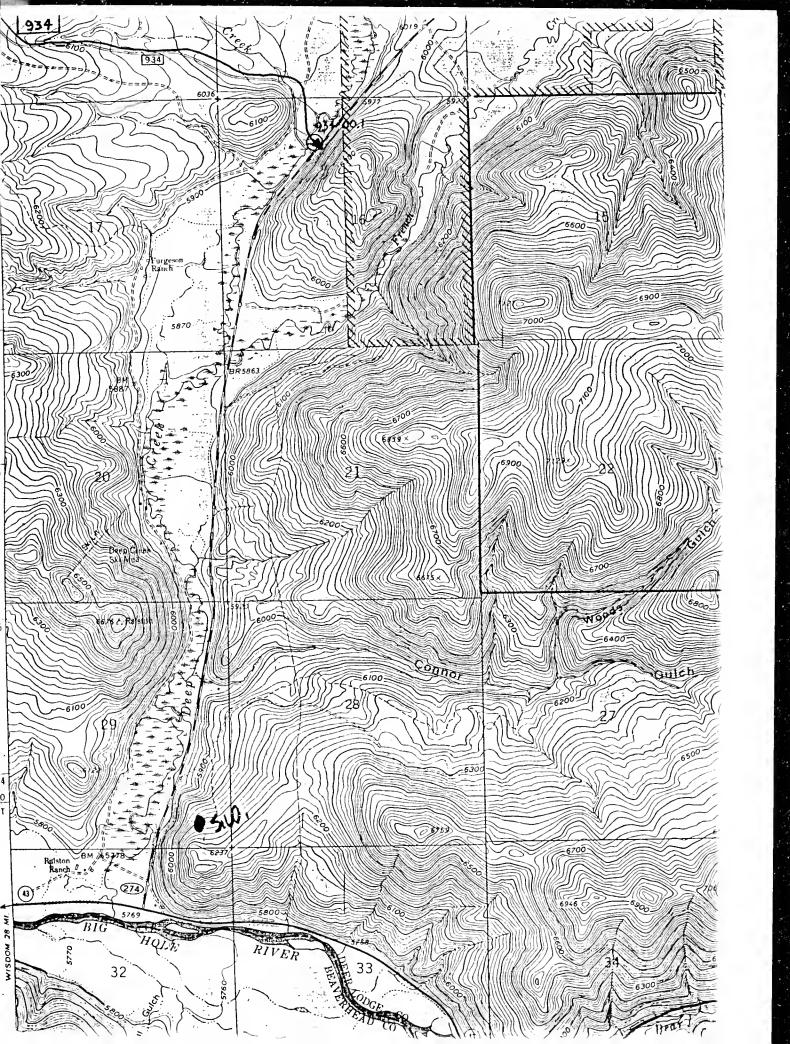


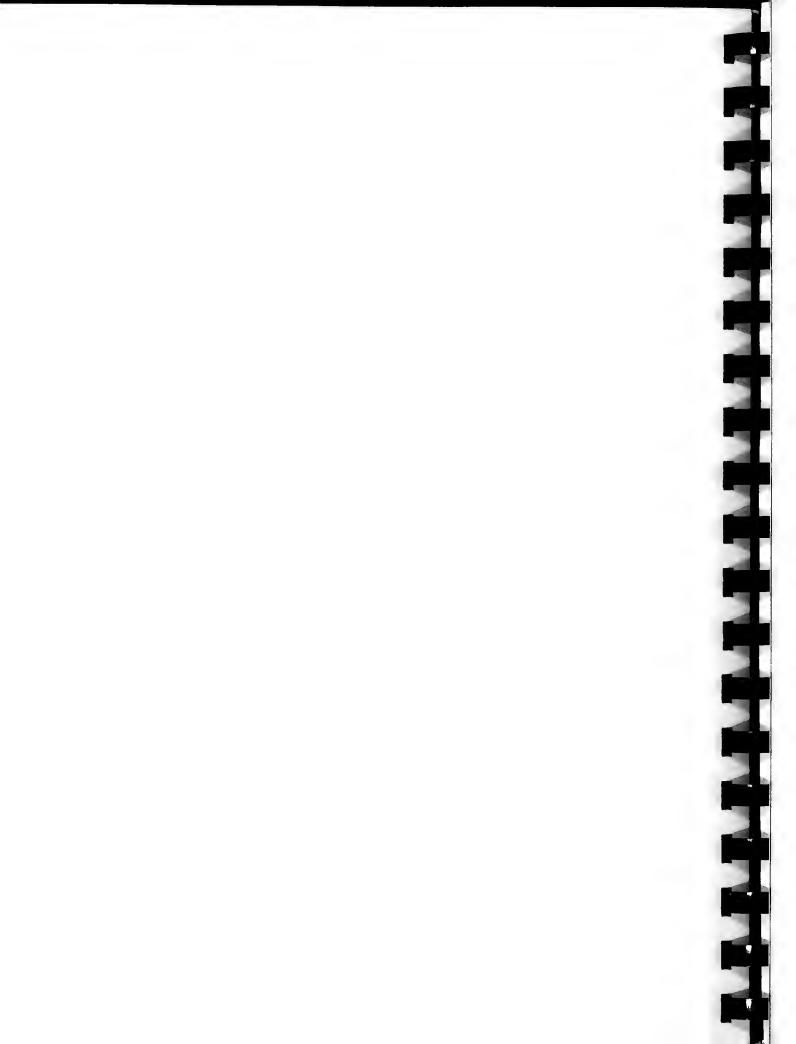






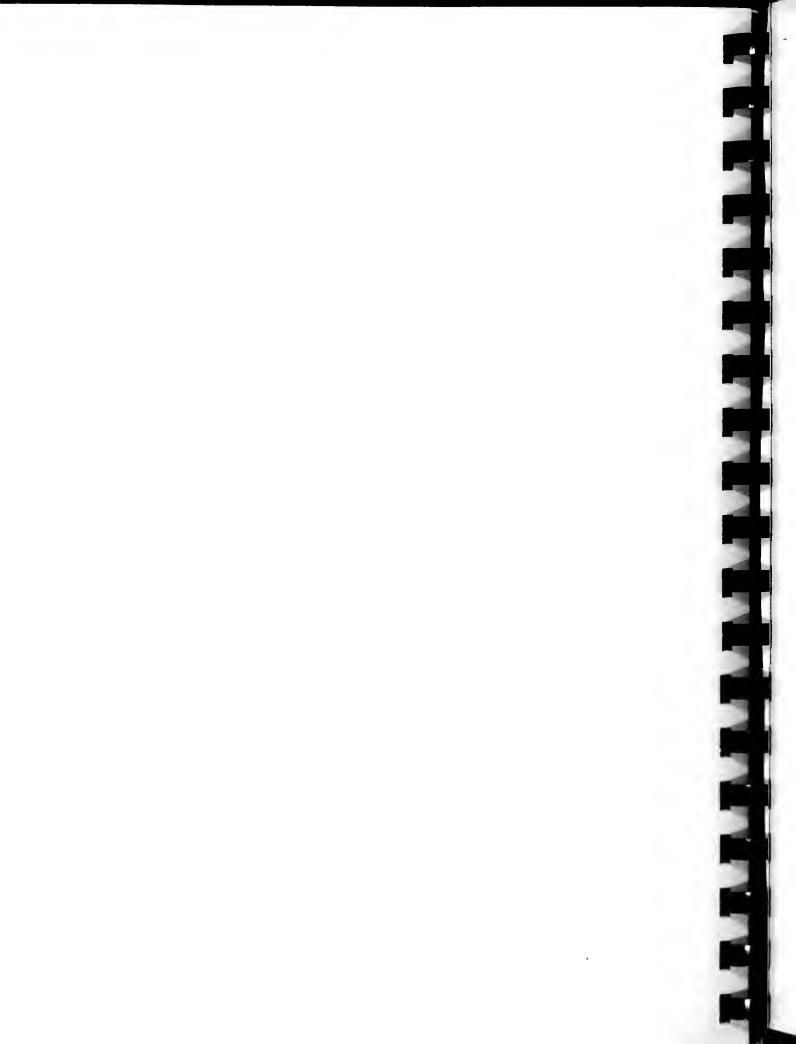






APPENDIX III

Completed Survey Report and Owl Observation Forms.

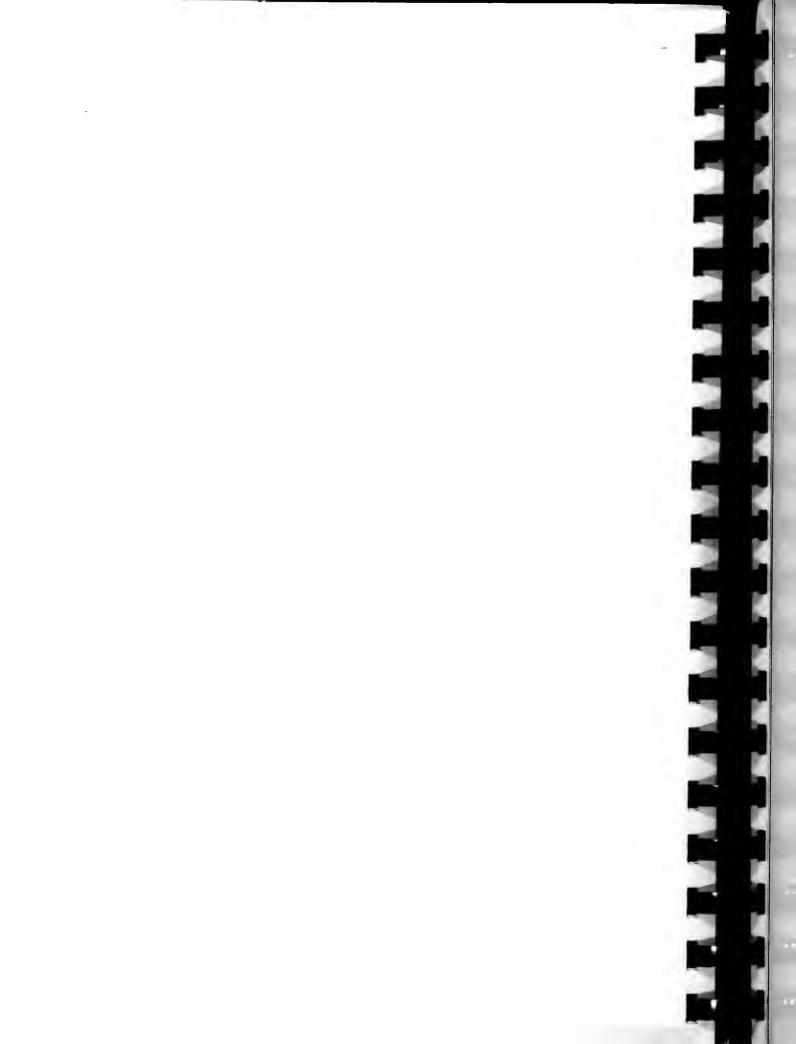


OWL OBSERVATION FORM

Party Members	Date <u>3-29-89</u> F	Route Name Lick Creek
J. Pizonozic	Repeat Observation ?	Y N
species Samurot	Number present <u>1</u>	Time <u>2/20</u> to <u>2/30</u>
Location:		
Township $2N$ Range 12ω S		
UTM (Optional)	Slope	O Aspect O
County: <u>Ravælli</u> Drainage: <u>Luk Creek</u>	Forest:	Bitterroot
Drainage: Luck Creek	District	Sula
Rapid stacette, contin	(bark, territorial cai	11, sighting, etc.) I min inducation
Describe Location: Approx. 3:9 on Lick Creek	miles From Lick (Road-on Nath S	Mark Saddle de of Read - 50 M.
Kood runs along	Ridge / Saddle Cinys	lex. (ZUNG 4 12/15) 1
directly to North-Below	Stand. Small ell	lex kere + Texpraphys Hai stand age, etc.). with large clear cut alk were to south across
Describe Land use/manager		
USIFIS - Cutting unit	3 humbras.	

Comments:

LICK CPEEK QUAD?



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